

Operating Instructions

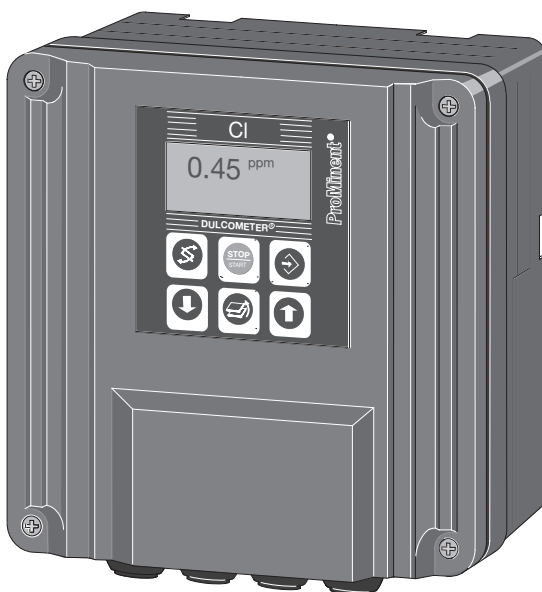
DULCOMETER® D1C

Part 2: Adjustment and Operation, Measured Variable Chlorine

D1C2-CI-001-GB



Type D



Type W

D1C A

Please enter the identity code of your device here!

**Please completely read through operating instructions! • Do not discard!
The warranty shall be invalidated by damage caused by operating errors!**

1 Device Identification / Identity Code

D1C A	DULCOMETER® Controller Series D1C / Version A									
	Type of mounting									
D	Control panel installation 96 x 96 mm (IP 54)									
W	Wall mounting (IP 65)									
	Operating voltage									
0	230 V 50/60 Hz									
1	115 V 50/60 Hz									
2	200 V 50/60 Hz (only with control panel installation)									
3	100 V 50/60 Hz (only with control panel installation)									
4	24 V AC/DC									
	Measured variable									
C	Chlorine (0-0.5/2/5/10/20/50/100 ppm)									
	Connection of measured variable									
1	Terminal, standard signal 0/4-20 mA									
	Correction variable									
0	None									
1	pH for chlorine via standard signal 0/4-20 mA									
	Feed forward control									
0	None									
1	As standard signal 0/4-20 mA									
2	As frequency 0-500 Hz									
3	As frequency 0-10 Hz									
	Control input									
0	None									
1	Pause									
	Signal output									
0	None									
1	standard signal 0/4-20 mA measured value									
2	standard signal 0/4-20 mA control variable									
3	standard signal 0/4-20 mA correcting variable									
4	2 standard signal 0/4-20 mA outputs, free programmable									
	Power control									
G	Alarm and 2 limit value relays									
M	Alarm and 2 solenoid valve relays									
R	Alarm relay and servomotor with feedback									
	Pump control									
0	None									
2	Two pumps									
	Control characteristic									
0	None									
1	Proportional control									
2	PID control									
	Log output									
0	None									
	Language									
D	German									
E	English									
F	French									
I	Italian									
N	Dutch									
S	Spanish									
P	Polish									
A	Swedish									
B	Portuguese									
U	Hungarian									
G	Czech									

D1C A _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

Please enter the identity code of your device here!

	Page
1 Device Identification / Identity Code	2
2 General User Information	3
3 Device Overview / Controls	4
4 Functional Description	5
5 Display Symbols	6
6 Operation	7
7 Reduced Operating Menu / Layout	8
Reduced Operating Menu / Description	9
8 Complete Operating Menu / Overview	14
Complete Operating Menu / Description	15
9 EC Declaration of Conformity	27
10 Fault/Remarks/Troubleshooting	28

General User Information

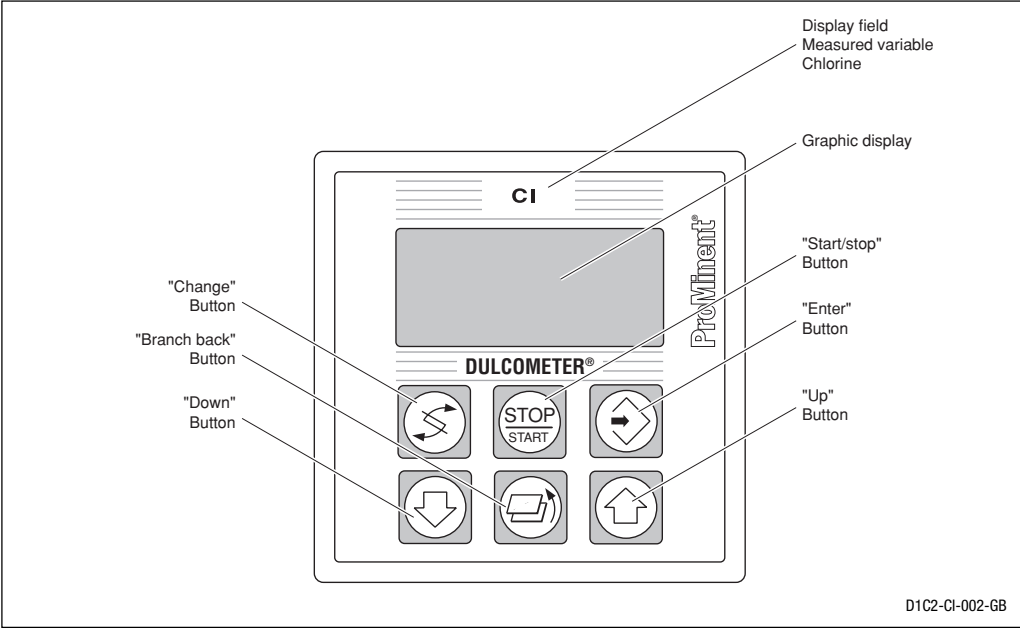
These operating instructions describe the technical data and function of DULCOMETER® D1C controller, provide detailed safety information and are divided into clear steps.



IMPORTANT

- ***Please observe the parts of these operating instructions applicable to your particular version! This is indicated in the Section “Device Identification / Identity Code”!***
- ***Correct measuring and dosing is only possible in the case of impeccable operation of the probe. The probe has to be calibrated / checked regularly!***

3 **Device Overview / Controls**



	CHANGE button To change over within a menu level and to change from one variable to another within a menu point.
	START/STOP button Start/stop of control and metering function.
	ENTER button To accept, confirm or save a displayed value or status. For alarm acknowledgement.

	UP button To increase a displayed numerical value and to change variables (flashing display)
	BRANCH BACK button Back to permanent display or to start of relevant setting menu.
	DOWN button To decrease a displayed numerical value and to change variables (flashing display).

4 Functional Description

NOTE

Please refer to the description of the complete operating menu in Section 8 for a detailed description of the individual characteristics of the DULCOMETER® D1C controller!

4.1 Operating Menu

The D1C controller permits settings to be made in two different menus. All values are preset and can be changed in the **complete operating menu**.

The controller is delivered with a **reduced operating menu** so that the D1C controller can be used effectively in many applications from the very onset. If adaptations prove to be necessary, all relevant parameters can then be accessed by switching over to the complete operating menu (see “General settings”).

4.2 Access Code

Access to the setting menu can be prevented by setting up an access code. The D1C controller is supplied with the access code 5000 which permits free access to the setting menu. The calibration menu remains freely accessible even when access to the setting menu is blocked by the code.

4.3 Control

The D1C can operate as a proportional controller or as a PID controller - dependent on the device version (see identity code) and the setting.

The controlled variable is recalculated once a second. Control procedures which require/apid correction of setpoint deviations (less than approx. 30 seconds) cannot be processed with this controller. The cycle times must be taken into consideration when activating solenoid valves (pulse length) in the same way as their running times when activating servomotors (3-point).

Via the control input pause, the control function (selection of controlled variable) can be switched off. The calculation of the controlled variable starts again after cessation of „pause“.

4.4 Feed Forward Control

The D1C controller can process a signal of a feed forward control. Depending on the device version (see identity code) and the setting, this signal can be obtained in any form of a 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA signal or as a digital contact signal with the maximum frequencies 10 Hz or 500 Hz.

During start-up, the zero point has to be checked. The multiplicative feed forward control is not designed for switching off permanently the actuating variable (signal ≈ 0).

This signal can be used, for example, for flow-proportional metering (multiplicative effect) or feed forward-dependent basic load metering (additive effect). The result of control variable calculation from the proportional or PID control is multiplied by or added to the feed forward signal. A multiplicative feed forward variable at the level of the set rated value carries over the calculated control variable unchanged into the controlled variable:

$$\text{Controlled variable} = \text{Feed forward variable} / \text{rated value} \times \text{calculated control variable}$$

An additive feed forward variable at the level of the rated value results in maximum controlled variable:

$$\text{Controlled variable (max. 100 \%)} = \text{Feed forward variable} / \text{rated value} \times \text{max. controlled variable} + \text{calculated control variable}$$

4.5 Error Messages

Error messages and information are indicated on the bottom line in the permanent display 1. Errors to be acknowledged (acknowledgement switches off the alarm relay) are indicated by the “E”. Errors/notes which still apply after acknowledgement are indicated alternately. During correction variable processing (temperature for correction of pH-value), the value is indicated in the same line as the error/note. Faults which are rectified of their own accord due to changed operating situations are removed from the permanent display without the need for acknowledgement.

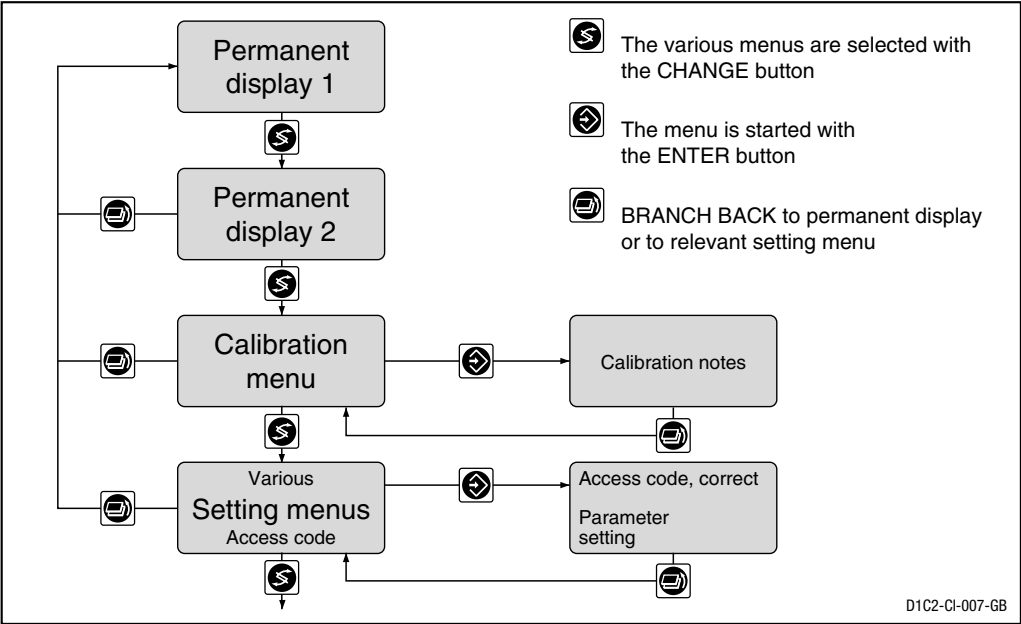
5

Display Symbols

The display of the DULCOMETER® D1C controller uses the following symbols:

Description	Comment	Symbol
Limit value transgression Relay 1, upper	Symbol left	↑
Relay 1, lower	Symbol left	↓
Relay 2, upper	Symbol right	↑
Relay 2, lower	Symbol right	↓
Metering pump 1 (chlorine) Control OFF	Symbol left	■
Control ON	Symbol left	□
Metering pump 2 (dechlorine) Control OFF	Symbol right	■
Controll ON	Symbol right	□
Solenoid valve 1 (chlorine) Controll OFF	Symbol left	▲
Control ON	Symbol left	△
Solenoid valve 2 (dechlorine) Controll OFF	Symbol right	▲
Control ON	Symbol right	△
Servomotor Control, open relay		▲ △
Control, close relay		△ ▲
Without control		▲ ▲
Position feedback	Thickness of bar increases from left to right during opening	▬
Stop button pressed		O
Manual metering		M
Fault		ε

6 Operation



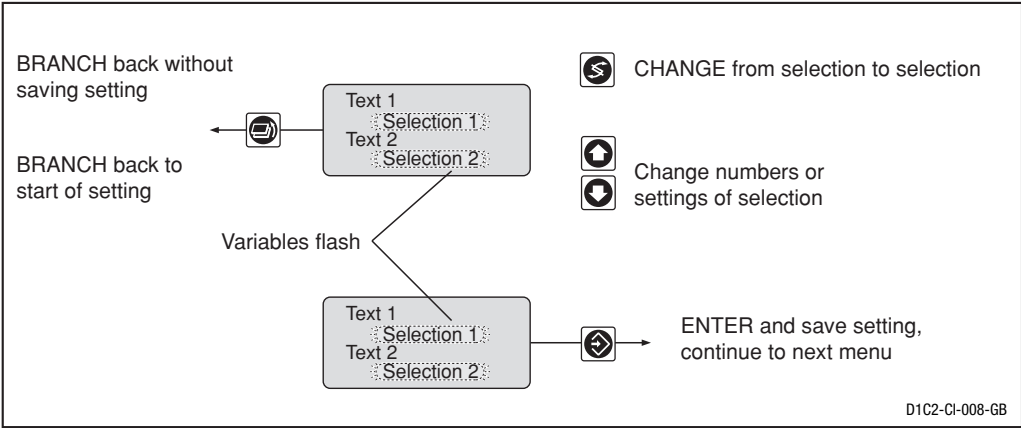
NOTE

Access to the setting menus can be barred with the access code!

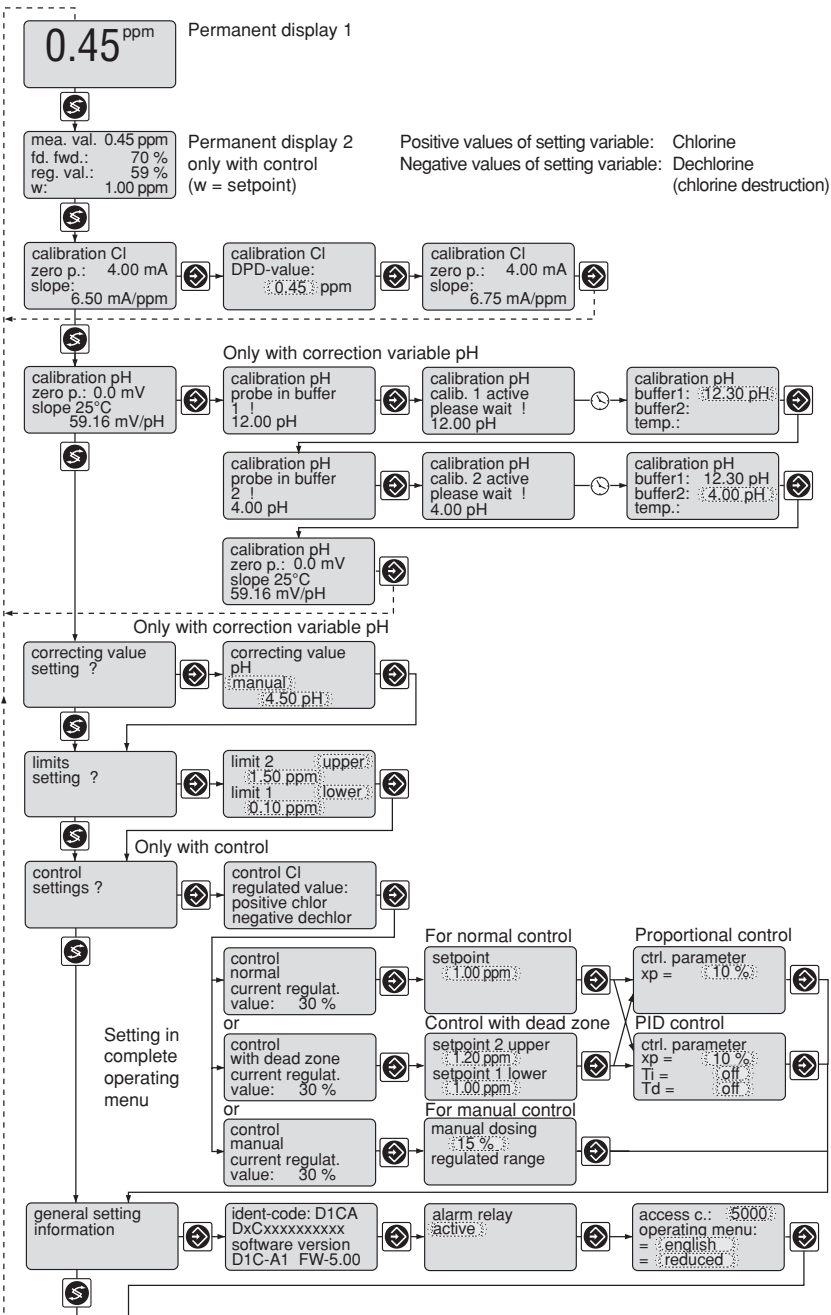
The number and scope of setting menus is dependent on the device version!

If the access code is selected correctly in a setting menu, then the following setting menus are also accessible!

If within a period of 10 minutes no button is pushed, the unit automatically branches back from the calibrating menu or a setting menu to the permanent display 1.

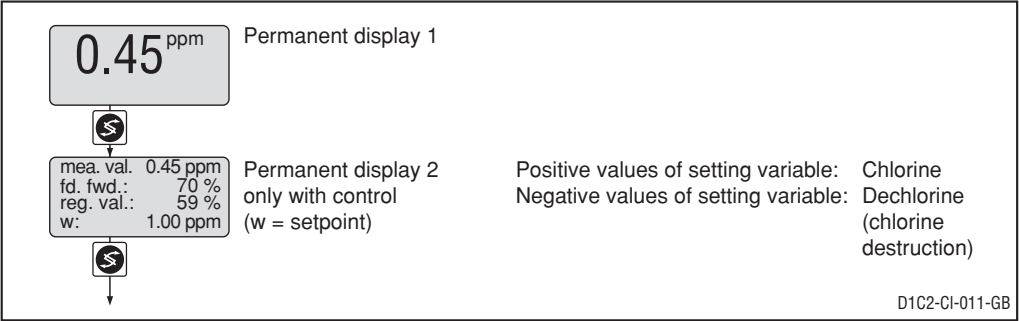


7 Reduced Operating Menu / Layout



D1C2-Cl-009-GB

Reduced Operating Menu / Description

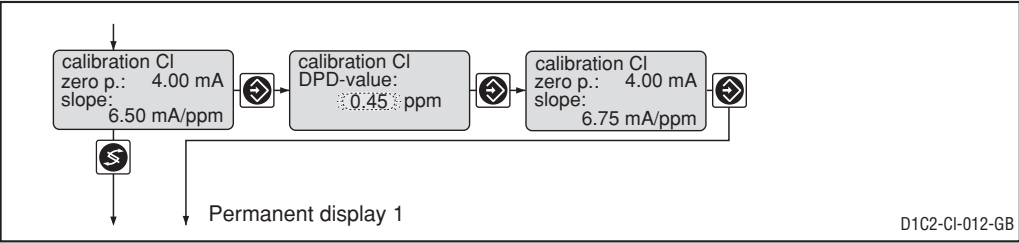


Calibration the Chlorine Probe

During calibration, the control function persists. The standard signal of the output (measured value) remains unchanged. The measured value registered during the start of the calibration is proposed as the DPD value; this value is adjustable (arrow keys!). Calibration is only possible if the DPD value is $\geq 2\%$ of the measuring range. On successful completion of calibration, all error checks which refer to the measured value are restarted.

IMPORTANT

The measuring range of the chlorine probe must correspond with the adjusted measuring range (factory setting: 0–2 ppm). A change of the measuring range (see page 17) must be done before calibration!



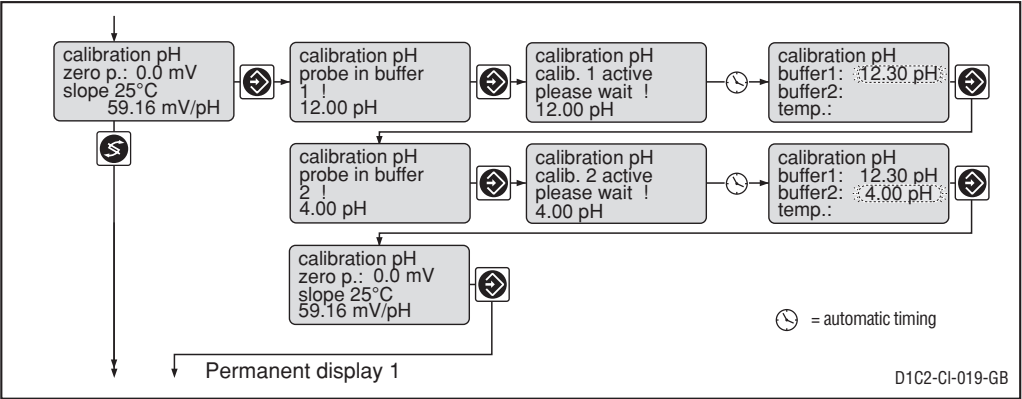
	Initial value	Possible values		
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value
	Measured value	0.01 ppm	0 ppm	100 ppm

Error message	Condition	Effect
Calibration CI not possible! CI slope low ($<25\%$ of norm slope)	CI slope too low	Calibrate again
Calibration CI not possible! CI slope high ($>300\%$ of norm slope)	CI slope too high	Calibrate again
DPD value too low DPD $> x.xx$ ppm	DPD $<2\%$ measuring range	Calibrate again after adding chorine

Reduced Operating Menu / Description

Calibrating the pH Probe (only possible with correcting variable pH)

The pH-probe is calibrated with the aid of two-point calibration (zero point/slope). Buffer self-detection at pH 7 (zero point calibration) and at pH 4 (calibration of slope). The measured pH-value of the buffer is proposed as the buffer value and can be changed manually (arrow keys). The control is stopped during calibration and reduced to the set basic load. The measured value is frozen. The errors relating to the corresponding measured variable are reset after successful calibration. The current data of the pH-probe (zero point and slope) are displayed.



	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Buffer values	Rounded-off whole number measured value	pH 0.01	pH -2	pH 16	<p>Error messages when both buffers too close (<2 pH-values).</p> <p>In order to operate perfectly, the pH-sensor must be checked and calibrated regularly (weekly), since deviations of ± 0.1 pH may cause errors of measurement.</p> <p>Further more, when using a CLE sensor, a slope calibration adjustment of the chlorine sensor should always be effected after a pH-calibration.</p>

IMPORTANT

pH-correction is not possible if there are oxidating substances in the measurement water!

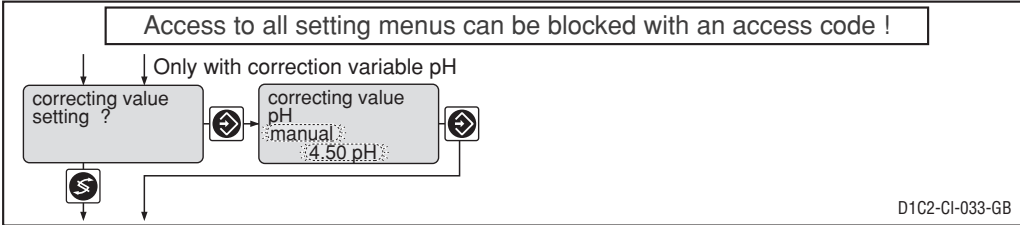
When a CLE measuring cell is used:

- The temperature must be between 10 °C and 15 °C
- The pH-value must be between 5 and 8
- The corrective probe current is limited to 25 mA

Reduced Operating Menu / Description

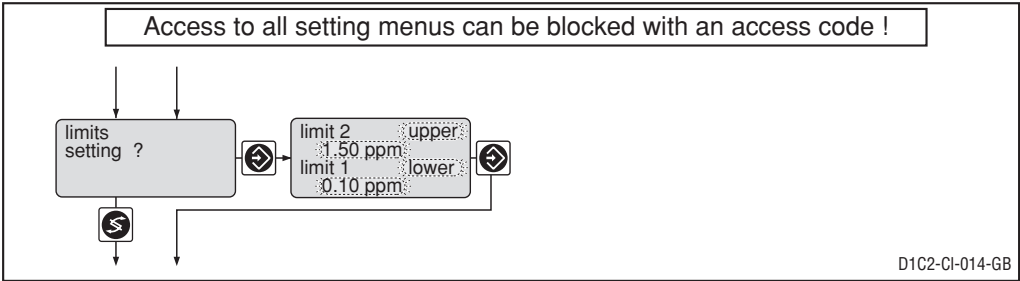
Error message	Condition	Effect
Buffer distance too small	$\Delta \text{Buffer} < \text{pH } 2$	During calibration procedure: Recalibrate buffer 2!
Zero point low Zero point high Slope low Slop high Measured value pH unsteady Measurde value °C unsteady	$< -60 \text{ mV}$ $< +60 \text{ mV}$ $< 40 \text{ mV/pH}$ $> 65 \text{ mV/pH}$ $\Delta U > 3 \text{ mV to } t > 60 \text{ s}$	Return to permanent display: Basic metering load " " " Standard metering

pH-correction



	Initial value	Possible values Increment	Lower value	Upper value	Remarks
Correction value	off manual automatic	off			When selecting manual pH-correction, the pH-value must not change more than $\pm 0.1 \text{ pH units}$

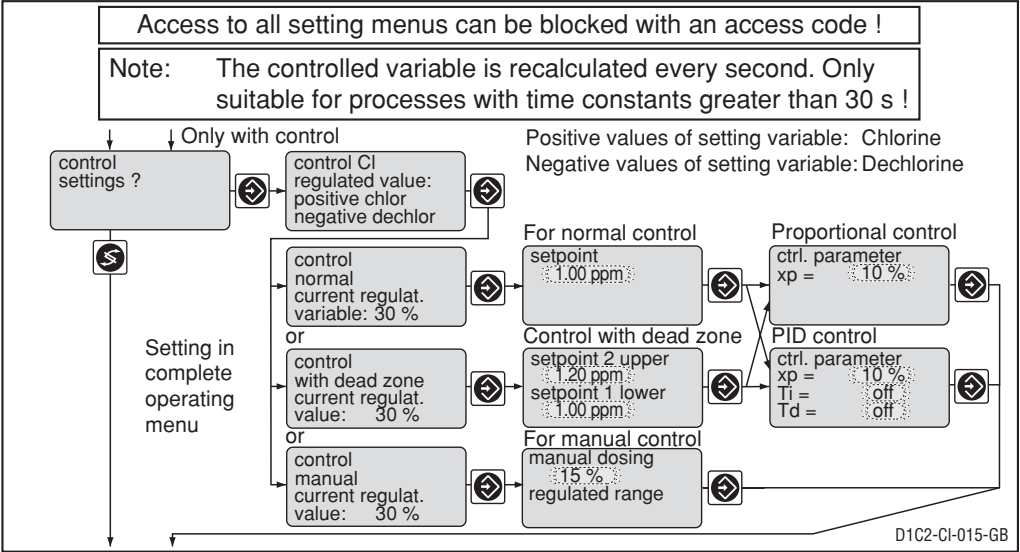
Limits



	Initial value	Possible values Increment	Lower value	Upper value	Remarks
Type of limit transgression	Limit 1: lower Limit 2: upper	upper lower off *)			Limit transgression when exceeding or dropping below value
Limit value	Limit 1: 0.5 ppm Limit 2: 1.5 ppm	0.01 ppm 0.01 ppm	0.00 ppm 0.00 ppm	100.00 ppm 100.00 ppm	*) only with limit relay

Reduced Operating Menu / Description

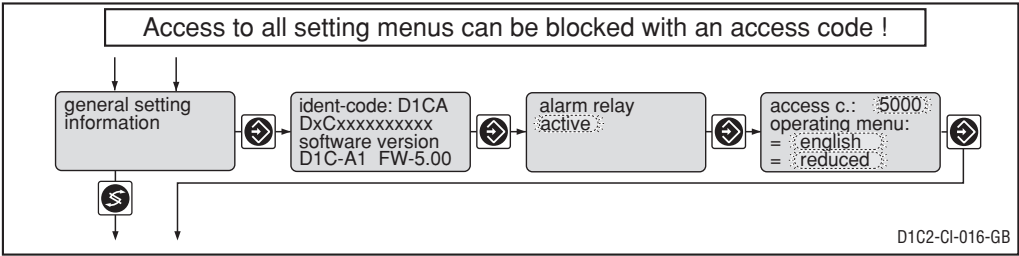
Control



	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Setpoint	1.00 ppm	0.01 ppm	lower limit measuring range	upper limit measuring range	2 setpoints necessary for control with dead zone. Setpoint 1 > setpoint 2 See page 17 for setting measuring range
Control parameter xp	10 %	1 %	1 %	500 %	xp referred to measuring range
Control parameter Ti	off	1 s	1 s	9999 s	Function off = 0 s
Control parameter Td	off	1 s	1 s	2500 s	Function off = 0 s
Manual metering	0 %	1 %	-100 %	+100 %	

Reduced Operating Menu / Description

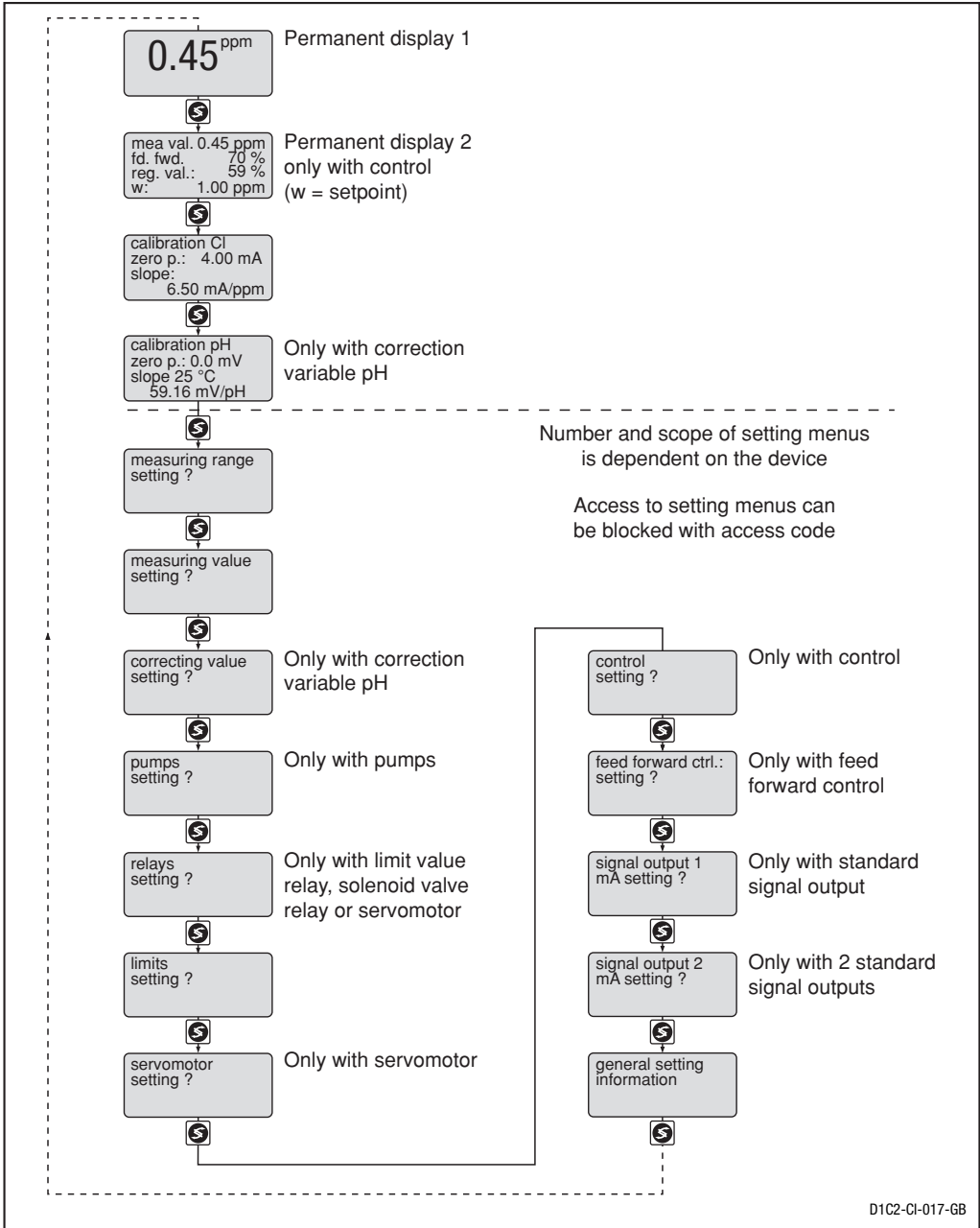
General Settings



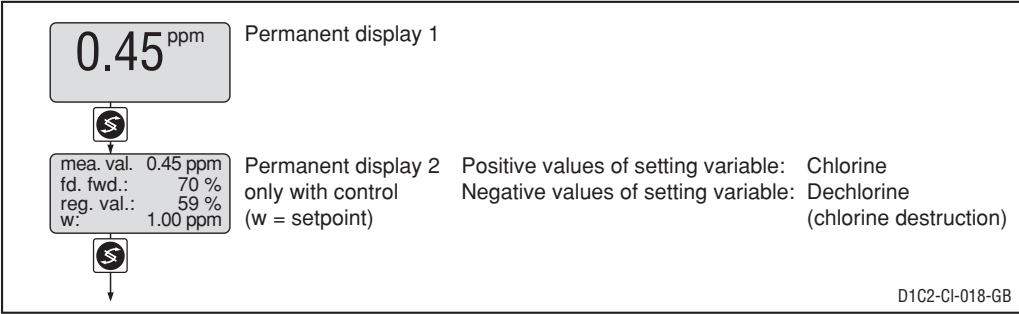
	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Alarm relay	active	active not active			
Access code	5000	1	1	9999	
Language	as per identity code	as per identity code			
Operating menu	reduced	reduced complete			

8 Complete Operating Menu / Overview

All parameters of the controller can be set in the complete operating menu (access see previous page). The following overview shows the settings which can be selected:



Complete Operating Menu / Description

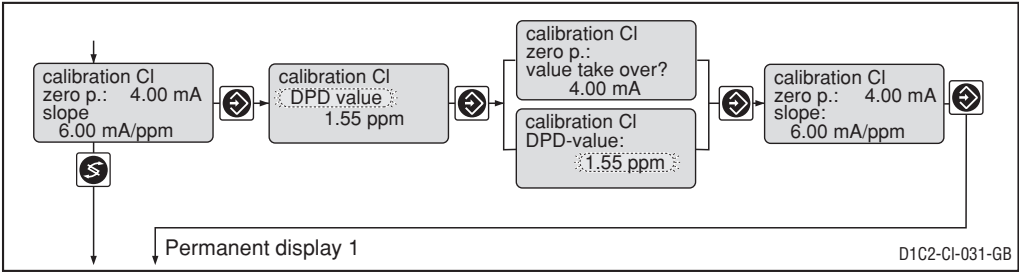


Calibration the Chlorine Probe (Zero point and slope)

The control function is retained during the calibration procedure. The standard signal of the output (measured value) is not changed. The measured value frozen at the start of calibration is offered as the DPD value; this value is adjustable (arrow keys!). Calibration is only possible when the DPD value is ≥ 2 % of the measurement range. Once calibration has been successfully completed, all fault tracing procedures which refer to the measured value are restarted.

Zero point calibration must be carried out under real conditions in water free of chlorine dioxide. Calibration is normally only necessary for the measuring range 0 – 0.5 ppm when measuring at the lower limit of the measuring range.

IMPORTANT
The measuring range of the probe must agree with the set measuring range (factory setting: 0–2 ppm). The measuring range must be reset prior to calibration (see page 17).



	Initial value	Possible values		
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value
	Measured value	0.01 ppm	0 ppm	100 ppm

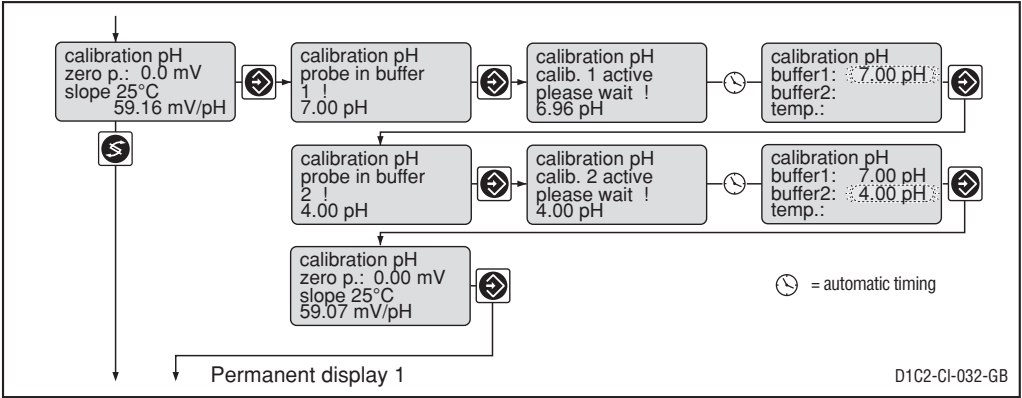
Error message	Condition	Effect
Calibration CI not possible! Zero point low	Zero point < 3 mA	Repeat calibration in sample water without chlorine!
Calibration CI not possible! Zero point high	Zero point > 5 mA	Repeat calibration in sample water without chlorine!

Complete Operating Menu / Description

Error message	Condition	Effect
Calibration CI not possible! Slope low	slope CI too low (<25 % of norm slope)	Calibrate again!
Calibration CI not possible! Slope high	slope CI too high (>300 % of norm slope)	Calibrate again!
DPD value too low DPD > x.xx ppm	DPD <2 % measuring range	Calibrate again after adding chlorine

Calibrating the pH probe (only possible with correcting variable pH)

The pH-probe is calibrated with the aid of two-point calibration (zero point/slope). Buffer self-detection at pH 7 (zero point calibration) and at pH 4 (calibration of slope). The measured pH-value of the buffer is proposed as the buffer value and can be changed manually (arrow keys). The control is stopped during calibration and reduced to the set basic load. The measured value is frozen. The errors relating to the corresponding measured variable are reset after successful calibration. The current data of the pH-probe (zero point and slope) are displayed.

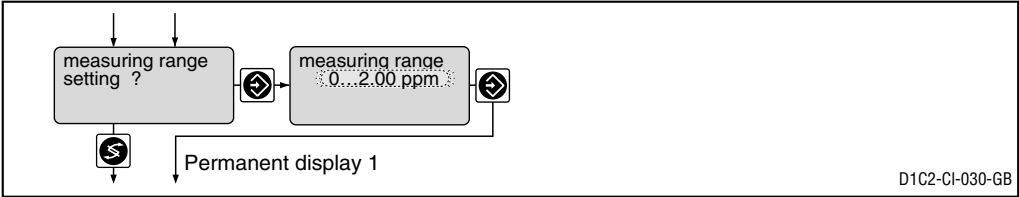


	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Buffer values	Rounded-off whole number measured value	pH 0.01	pH -2	pH 16	Error messages when both buffers too close (<2 pH-values). In order to operate perfectly, the pH-sensor must be checked and calibrated regularly (weekly), since deviations of ±0.1 pH may cause errors of measurement. Further more, when using a CLE sensor, a slope calibration adjustment of the chlorine sensor should always be effected after a pH-calibration.

Complete Operating Menu / Description

Error message	Condition	Effect	
Buffer distance too small	$\Delta\text{Buffer} < \text{pH } 2$	During calibration procedure: Recalibrate buffer 2!	
pH zero point low	$< -60 \text{ mV}$	Return to permanent display: Basic metering load	Warning, old zero point and slope retained
pH zero point high	$< +60 \text{ mV}$	"	"
pH slope low	$< 45 \text{ mV/pH}$	"	"
pH slop high	$> 65 \text{ mV/pH}$	"	"
Measured value pH unsteady			"
Measurde value °C unsteady			"

Measuring range

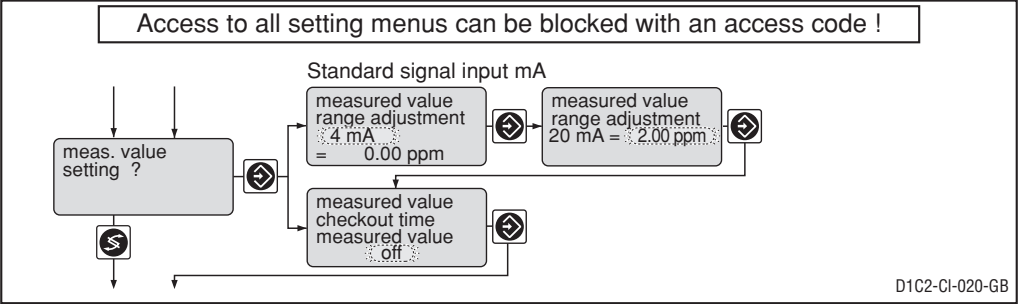


IMPORTANT

The chlorine probe must be recalibrated and the settings checked in all menus after changing the range allocation!

	Initial value	Possible values Increment	Lower value	Upper value	Remarks
Measuring range	0...2 ppm	0...0.5 ppm 0...2 ppm 0...5 ppm 0...10 ppm 0...20 ppm 0...50 ppm 0...100 ppm			

Measured value



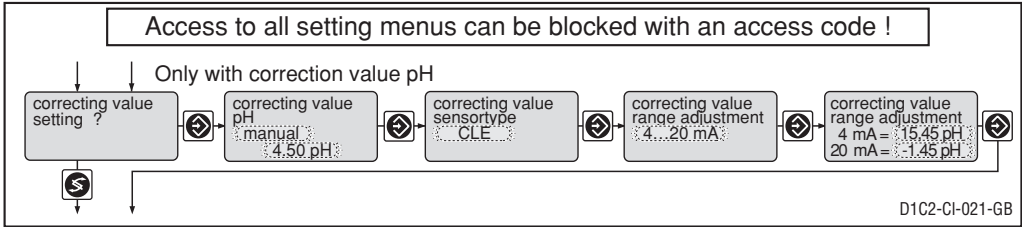
IMPORTANT

The chlorine probe must be recalibrated and the settings checked in all menus after changing the range allocation!

Complete Operating Menu / Description

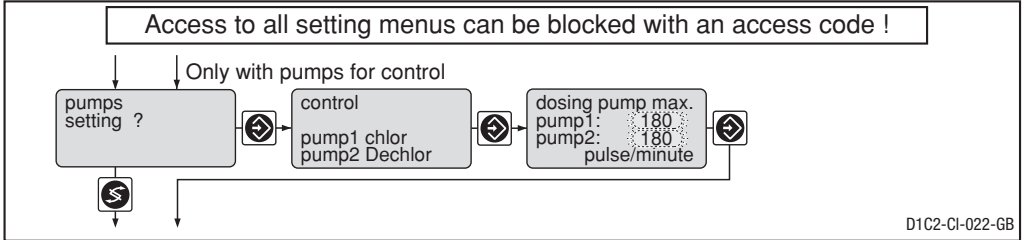
	Initial value	Possible values		Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value
Standard signal input	4 mA	0 mA		
lower signal limit		4 mA		
Allocated measured value				
lower	0 ppm			
upper	2 ppm	0.01 ppm	0.00 ppm	100.00 ppm
Checkout time	off	1 s	1 s	9999 s
Constant measurement signal results in message and alarm. Function off = 0 s				

Correction value pH



	Initial value	Possible values		Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value
Correcting value	off manual automatic	off		
Type of sensor	CLE	CLE CGE/CTE		
Standard signal input	4 mA	4 mA		
Lower signal limit		0 mA		
Scheduled measuring range	pH 15.45 ... pH -1.45	pH 0.01	pH -2	pH 16
A pH-change < pH 0.1 must remain at "manual"				

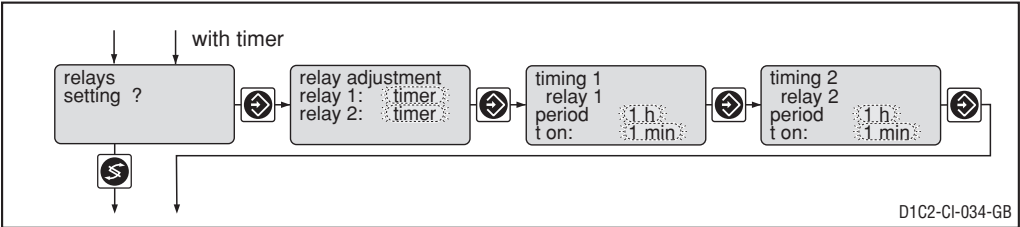
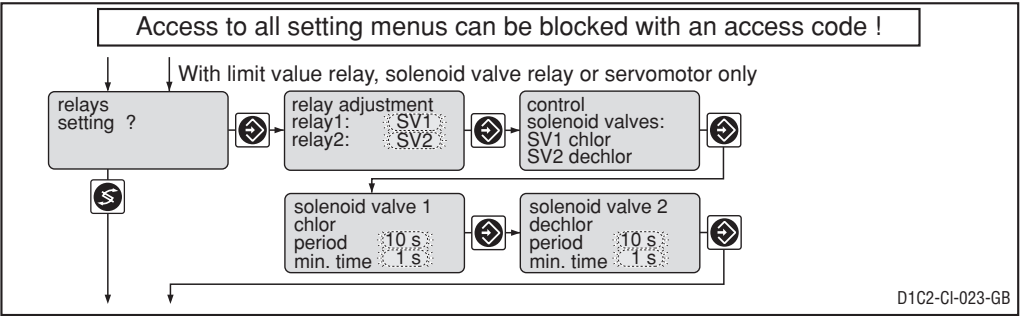
Pumps



Complete Operating Menu / Description

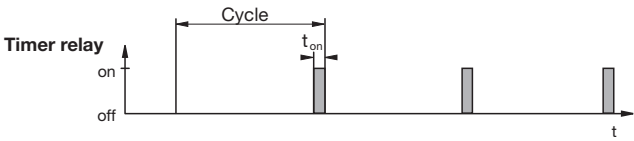
	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Max. stroke/minute of pumps 1 and 2	180	1	1	500	off = 0 strokes/min

Relay for power activation



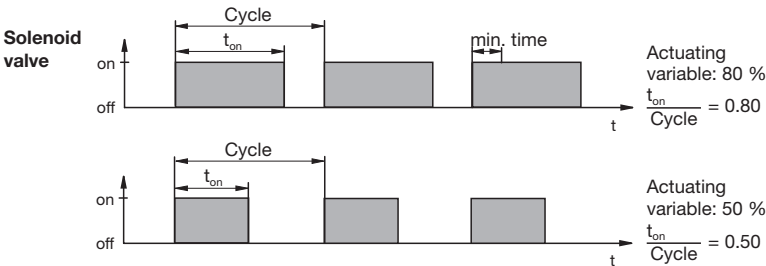
	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Relay adjustment	as per identity code	Motor Solenoid valve (SV1, SV2) Limit value (Limit 1/2)* Actuator 1,2 Timer 1, 2 Servomotor off			* In the case of "Limit value" - relays remain active even in the event of an error.
Period	10 s	1 s	10 s	9999 s	for solenoid valve
min. time	1 s	1 s	1 s	period/2	for solenoid valve
Period	off	1 h	1 h / off	240 h	for timer
t on	1 min	1 min	1 min	60 min	for timer

Complete Operating Menu / Description



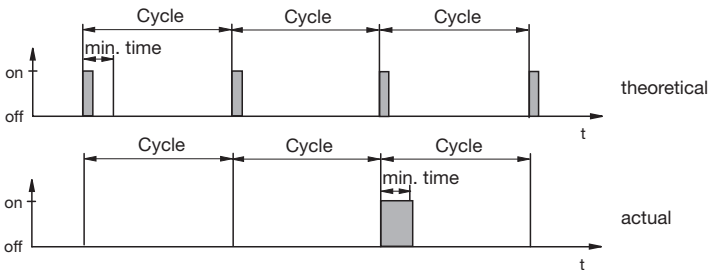
IMPORTANT
The timer will reset in the event of a power failure.

At the end of the (timer) cycle time the DULCOMETER® D1C closes the assigned relay for the duration of “t on” (timer). “Pause” interrupts the timer.
When the clock is shown in the LC display the timer can be reset to the start of the cycle at precisely this point using the enter button.
The % figure in the LC display indicates the progress of the current cycle.
Timer relays may be used, e.g. for shock metering or sensor cleaning.



The switching time of the DULCOMETER® D1C (solenoid valve) depend on the actuating variable and the “min. time” (smallest permitted operating factor of the connected device).
The actuating variable determines the ratio $t_{on}/cycle$ and thus the switching times (see fig. above).
The “min. time” influences the switching times in two situations:

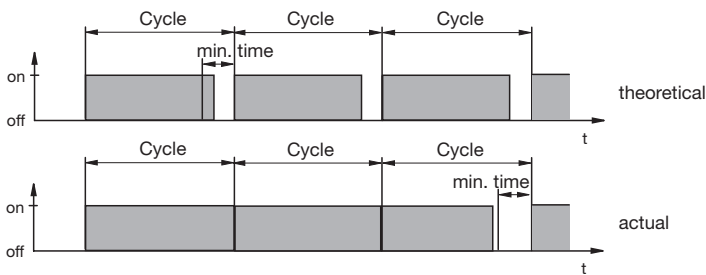
a) theoretical switching time < min. time:



The DULCOMETER® D1C does not switch for a certain number of cycles until the sum of the theoretical switching times exceeds the “min. time”. Then the DULCOMETER® D1C switches for the duration of this total time.

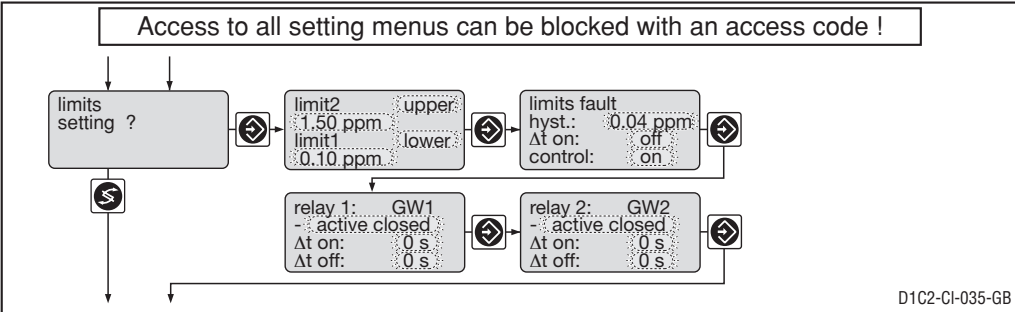
Complete Operating Menu / Description

b) theoretical switching time > (cycle - min. time) and calculated switching time < cycle



The DULCOMETER® D1C does not deactivate for a certain number of cycles until the differences between cycle and theoretical switching time exceed the “min. time”.

Limits



	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Type of limit transgression	Limit 1: lower Limit 2: upper	upper lower off *)			Limit transgression when exceeding or dropping below value *) only with limit relay
Limit value	Limit 1: 0.10 ppm Limit 2: 1.50 ppm	0.01 ppm 0.01 ppm	0.00 ppm 0.00 ppm	20.00 ppm 20.00 ppm	
Hysteresis limits	0.04 ppm	0.01 ppm	0.02 ppm	20 ppm	Effective in direction of cancelling limit transgression.
Checkout time limits Δt on	off	1 s	1 s	9999 s	Results in message and alarm. off = 0 s: Function switched off, no message, no alarm
Control	on	on off			
Switching direction Limit value 1, Limit value 2	active closed	active closed active open			Acts as N/O Acts as N/C


Complete Operating Menu / Description

	Initial value	Possible values		Upper value	Remarks
		Increment	Lower value		
Switch-on delay Δt on	0 s	1 s	0 s	9999 s	
Switch-off delay Δt off	0 s	1 s	0 s	9999 s	

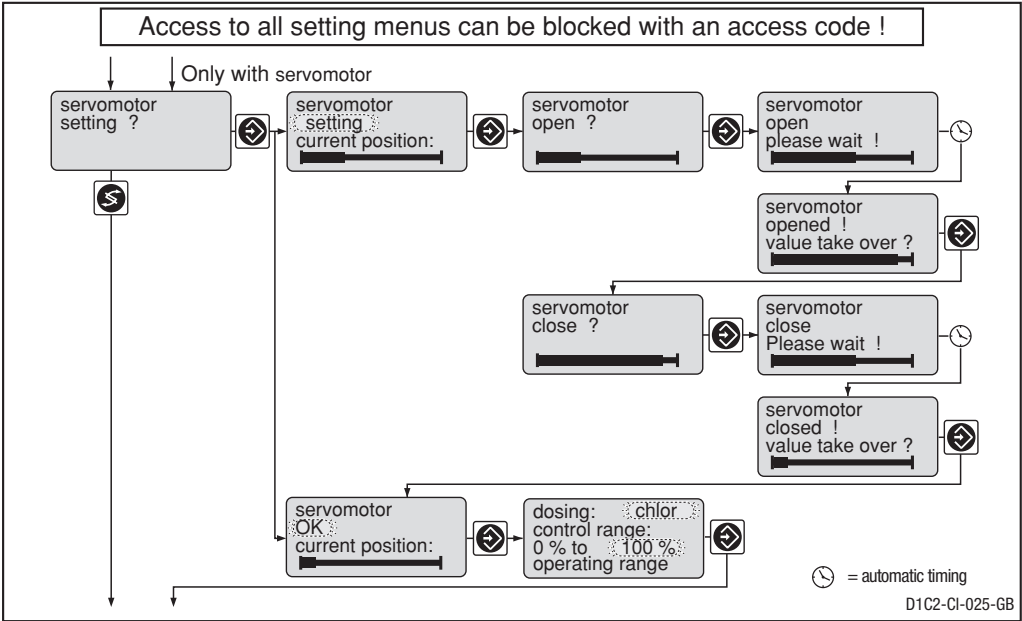
If the limit is exceeded for longer than the “Delay time - limit values” an error message is given, which must be acknowledged, and the alarm relay circuit is broken. If “Controller” is also set to “off” the control process stops.

Servomotor

The **operating range** is defined by the total resistance range of the feedback potentiometer. The maximum limit of the range actually used is set by defining the **control range**.

 **IMPORTANT**

- *To ensure correct function, the set duration of the stroke position motor should be more than 25 sec for 0...100 % of setting range.*
- *Stroke adjustment motor actuation must be carried out with the same care as the calibration of a sensor!*



Complete Operating Menu / Description

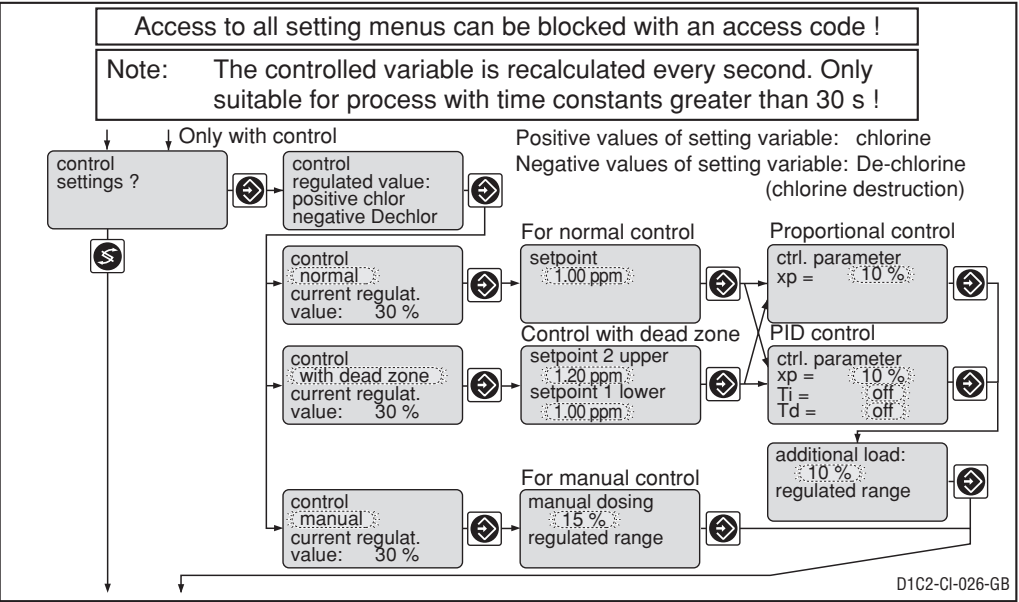
	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Servomotor	Setting	Setting ok off			
Control direction	Chlorine	Chlorine Dechlorine			
Control range	100 %	1 %	10 %	100 %	in % of operating range



IMPORTANT

- When the wide bar is as right as it will go the stroke adjustment motor is fully open.
- The permanent display shows to what degree the motor has opened in % (the greater the percentage, the farther open the stroke adjustment motor).

Control



	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Control	normal	normal with dead zone manual			When controlling with dead zone, the feed forward control is not used for measured values within the dead zone.
Setpoint	1.00 ppm	0.01 ppm	Lower measurement range limit	Upper measurement range limit	Measuring unit % Measuring unit mA 2 setpoints necessary for control with dead zone. Setpoint 1 > setpoint 2

Complete Operating Menu / Description

	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Control parameter xp	10 %	1 %	1 %	500 %	xp referred to measuring range
Control parameter Ti	off	1 s	1 s	9999 s	Function off = 0 s
Control parameter Td	off	1 s	1 s	2500 s	Function off = 0 s
Additional load	0 %	1 %	-100 %	+100 %	
Manual metering	0 %	1 %	-100 %	+100 %	

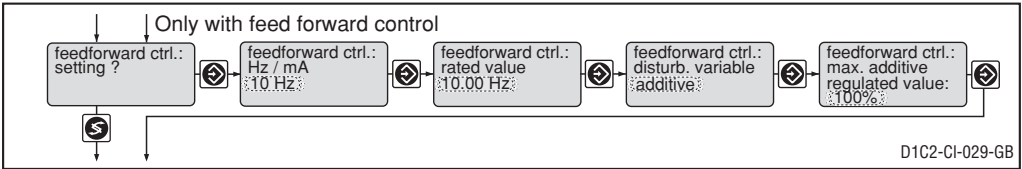
Abbreviations for control variables:

$x_p = 100 \% / K_p$ (inverse proportional co-efficient)

$T_i = I$ controller integration time [s]

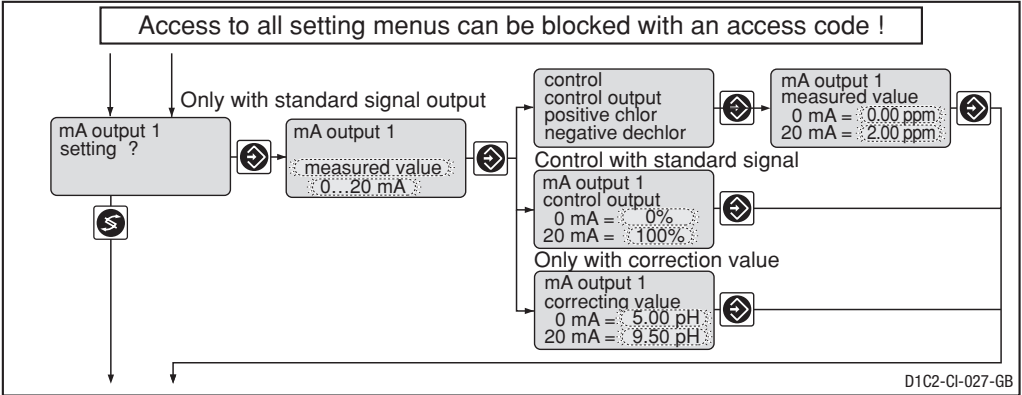
$T_d = D$ controller differential time [s]

Feedforward control



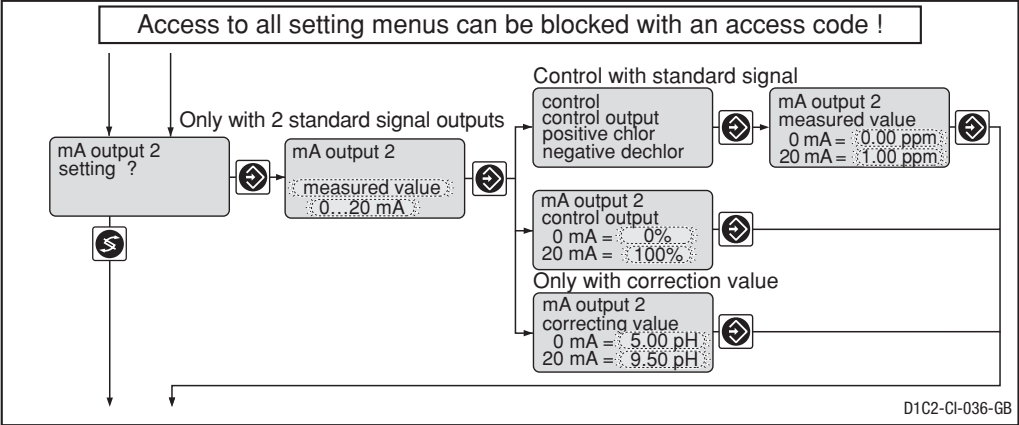
	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Feedforward control (Flow)	as per identity code	None 10 Hz 500 Hz			Signal processing: Signal <0,02 Hz = No flow Signal <0,2 Hz = No flow Signal <0,2 mA = No flow Signal <4,2 mA = No flow Depended on signal type. Maximum limitation of range used.
Standard signal	4...20 mA	0...20 mA			
Feedforward control rated value	10 Hz	0.01 Hz	0.1 Hz	10 Hz	
	500 Hz	1 Hz	5 Hz	500 Hz	
	20 mA	0.1 mA	0/4 mA	20 mA	
Feedforward control effect	multiplicative	multiplicative additive			
Max. add. regulated value	100 %	1 %	-500 %	+500 %	only with additive feed forward control

Standard signal output 1



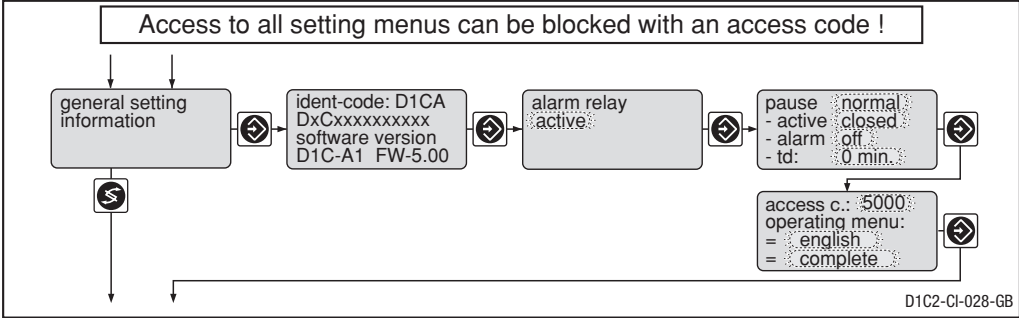
Complete Operating Menu / Description

Standard signal output 2



	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Variable allocation	as per identity code	Measured value Controlled variable Correction value			If control applicable only with connection value Minimum range 0.1 ppm Minimum range 1 %
Output range	0...20 mA	0...20 mA 4...20 mA			
Range measured value	Measuring range	0.01 ppm	0 ppm	100 ppm	
Range controlled variable	0 %...+100 %	1 %	-100 %	+100 %	
Range correction value	pH 5...9.5	pH 0.01	pH -2	pH 16	

General setting



Complete Operating Menu / Description

	Initial value	Possible values			Remarks
		Increment	Lower value	Upper value	
Alarm relay	active	active not active			Alarm relay can be triggered by pause contact.
Control input pause	closed	closed open			
Pause	Pause	Pause/Hold* Pause			
Control input pause	closed	closed open			
Pause with alarm	off	off on			
td	0 min	1 min	0 min	60 min	
Access code	5000	1	1	9999	
Language	as per identity code	as per identity code			
Operating menu	complete	reduced complete			

Pause Normal

If the pause-switch is off, the DULCOMETER® D1C sets the operating outputs to “0” for as long as the pause-switch is off or for a set time-delay t_d (if t_d is set to > 0 min). Whilst the pause-switch is off, the D1C establishes the P-proportion in the background.

With PID-control (Identity code characteristics “control characteristic” = 2): the I-proportion is stored when the pause is switched off (I-proportion then usually only present if $T_n > 0$ has been selected in the “Control setting?” setting menu).

Exception: the standard signal outputs mA for the measured value or correction value are not affected by the pause.

After pause is activated the operating outputs remain at “0” for the length of the time-delay t_d . The time-delay t_d must be set up in such a way that, in this time e.g. sample water (process-specific current concentration) flows to the sensor.

With PID-control (Identity code characteristics “control characteristic” = 2): The control variable output resulting from the pause and the expiry of the time-delay t_d is reconciled jointly with the current P-component and (if T_n is set > 0) with the stored I-component.

Pause Hold

If the pause-switch is off, the DULCOMETER® D1C freezes the operating output at the most recent value for as long as the pause-switch is off or for a set time-delay t_d (if t_d is set to > 0 min). Whilst the pause-switch is off, the D1C establishes the P-proportion in the background.

With PID-control (Identity code characteristics “control characteristic” = 2):

Even the mA standard signal outputs for measured value or correction value are frozen.

After pause is activated the operating outputs remain frozen for the length of the time delay t_d . The time delay t_d must be set up in such a way that, in this time e.g. sample water (process-specific current concentration) flows to the sensor.

With PID-control (Identity code characteristics “control characteristic” = 2): The control variable output resulting from the pause and the expiry of the time-delay t_d is reconciled jointly with the current P-proportion and (if T_n is set > 0) with the newly established I-proportion.

EC Declaration of Conformity

We,

ProMinent Dosiertechnik GmbH
Im Schuhmachergewann 5 - 11
D - 69123 Heidelberg

hereby declare that, on the basis of its functional concept and design and in the version brought into circulation by us, the product specified in the following complies with the relevant, fundamental safety and health stipulations laid down by EC directives.

Any modification to the product not approved by us will invalidate this declaration.

Product description : ***Measurement and control system, DULCOMETER***

Product type : ***D1C / D2C***

Serial number : ***see type identification plate on device***

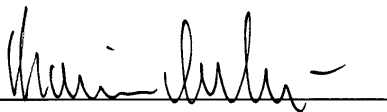
Relevant EC regulations : ***EC - low voltage directive (73/23/EEC)***
EC - EMC - directive 89/336/EEC subsequently 92/31/EEC

Harmonized standards used,
in particular : ***EN 60335-1, EN 61010-1/2, EN 60204-1***
EN 50081-1/2, 50082-1, EN 55014-1/2
EN 61000-3-2/3, EN 61000-6-2

National standards and other
technical specifications used,
in particular :

Date/manufacturer's signature :

11th December 2000



The undersigned :

Dr. Rainer V. Dulger, Executive Vice President R&D and Production

10 Fault / Remarks / Troubleshooting

Fault	Fault text	Symbol	Effect on metering	on control	Alarm with ack- nowledgement	Remarks	Remedy
Measured value Checkout time exceeded	<i>Check CI probe</i>	☹	Basic load	Stop	Yes	Function defeatable	Check function of probe
Signal exceeded/drops below value	<i>Check CI input</i>	☹	Basic load	Stop	Yes	Signal <3.0 ±0.2 mA or >23 ±0.2 mA	Check probe, transducer and cable connection
Calibration probe with error	<i>CI calib. defective</i>	☹	Basic load	Stop	No	Metering continues in case of error with unsteady measured values	Check probe, replace if necessary, recalibrate if necessary
Correction variable Signal exceeded/drops below value	<i>Check feed forward input</i>	☹	Basic load	Stop	Yes	Signal <3 or >23 mA Value last valid is used	Check probe, transducer and cable connection
Calibration pH with error	<i>pH-calibration faulty</i>	☹	Basic load	Stop	Yes	pH <5 >8.5	
Limit CLE	<i>pH-limit 1/2</i>	☹	Basic load	Stop	Yes		
Limit OGE/CTE	<i>pH-limit 1/2</i>	☹	Basic load	Stop	Yes		
Feed forward control Signal exceeded/drops below value	<i>Check feed forward input</i>	☹			Yes	Signal <3.0 ±0.2 mA or >23 ±0.2 mA Value last valid is used	Check probe, transducer and cable connection Value last valid is used
Signal exceeded, multiplicative		☹		Stop			
Limit transgression after checkout time limits	<i>CI-limit 1 CI-limit 2</i>	☹	Basic load*	Stop*	Yes	Function defeatable	Define cause, reset values if necessary
Servomotor Position not reached	<i>Servomotor defective</i>	☹			Yes	Servomotor closes	Check servomotor
Electronics error	<i>System error</i>	☹	Stop	Stop	Yes	Electronic data defective	Call in service

* at software version 4.63

Fault / Remarks / Troubleshooting

Operation	Note text		Symbol	Effect		on metering	on control	Alarm with acknowledgement	Remarks	Remedy
Pause contact	Pause		EO	Stop	Stop	No		No further fault check	-	
	Pause/Hold		EO	Unchanged	*	No		-	-	
Stop button	Stop		EO	Stop	Stop	No		Relay drops out	-	
During calibration				Basic load	Stop	No		No error processing of measured variable		
	Probe slope too low			Basic load	Stop	No		25 % > probe slope	Check probe, replace if necessary	
	Probe zero point too high	Slope CI low	CE	Basic load	Stop	No		> 200 % of norm slope	Recalibrate in sample water	
	Zero point too low	Slope CI high	CE	Basic load	Stop	No		Zero point <3 mA	Recalibrate in sample water without chlorine	
	Zero point too high	Zero point low	CE	Basic load	Stop	No		Zero point >5 mA	Recalibrate	
DPD-value <2 % measuring range		DPD > x.xx ppm				No		25 % > probe slope		
								> 200 % of norm slope		
Buffer spacing too small		Buffer distance too small I Δ buffer >2 pH I								Recalibrate
Probe zero point too low		pH zero point low								
Probe zero point too high		pH zero point high	CE	Basic load	Stop	No			Check probe, replace if necessary	
Probe slope too low		pH slope low								
Probe slope too high		pH slope high								
Probe signal too unsteady		Measured value unsteady								
During servomotor setting										
	Position feed back wrong	Direction check							Without correct adjustment the last valid values are still used	Check connection of relay, potentiometer
	Upper position <40 % max. value	Final value small							Adjust the operation region of the servomotor correctly	
Lower position >30 % range		Final value big								

* Function PI stable

