Product overview

QUICK REFERENCE

"Product Overview" T.O.C.

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ProMinen

CATALOG SECTION TABS

■ Introduction pump selection by capacity product overview chemical resistance list Solenoid & Motor Pump Overview ■ Analytical Instrumentation Overview concept PLUS gamma/L ■ Sigma/3 solenoid pump spare parts pump accessories ■ Dulcometer® Compact potentiometric sensors potentiostatic sensors

dry feed solutions

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Introduction

Pump Installation Guide

Selection, installation, operation & accessories guidelines

When selecting, installing and operating a pump with accessories, the following guidelines should be followed:

When selecting a pump, make allowances for extra capacity and working pressure, especially if the *fluid viscosity* is higher than that of water (note: Capacities in manuals pertain specifically to water at fixed pressures).

If in doubt about the *chemical compatibility* of the liquid end materials, valves, valve balls, O-rings, suction and discharge lines and accessories, refer to the Chemical Resistance List.

The site of the metering pump should be easily accessible. The metering pump should be protected against the risk of being damaged mechanically. *High ambient temperatures, radiating heat and direct sunlight* should be avoided, if possible.

The metering pump should be provided with a *power supply* of its own. If connected in parallel to other equipment, the metering pump should be switched on and off by separate contacts, e.g. by relays or contactors. If the metering pump is paced externally, the maximum input pulse rate should match the maximum stroking rate.

All pumps are *self-priming*. The suction lift varies between 5 and 20 ft. (1.5 and 6 m), depending on the pump type (refer to Technical Data). The reduced suction lift for media having a specific gravity (density) higher than 1 can be evaluated as follows:

Effective suction lift = suction lift of water in ft (pump capacity data) / S.G. of chemical

Note: Suction lift decreases with high altitude. Contact factory for pump selection.

Accessories and tips. . .

- The suction line should be. . .
 - as short as possible.
 - sloping upwards to eliminate vapor pockets.
- The discharge line should have. . .
 - a drain valve when corrosive media is to be handled.

Installation Tip:

- Draining is achieved by means of a tee and bleed valve, or an adjustable pressure relief valve in the discharge line.
- A foot valve with ball check valve, ceramic weight and strainer facilitates. . .
 - priming.
 - prevents loss of prime.

- protects the liquid end against coarse impurities. Installation Tip:
- Must install vertically, slightly above the bottom of the tank; directly under pump taking pump maximum suction lift into account.

Note: Pump capacity is effected if not installed properly or if plugged.

- Positive suction head (flooded suction)

- Recommended with media which tend to develop gases.
- Recommended with media which has high viscosity. Installation Tips:
- Degassing pump must be used on suction lift applications, not flooded suction.
- Metering pump can be located at and fed from the foot of the supply tank.

- A ball-check-type injection valve

· Prevents back flow.

Installation Tip:

 Should be at the end of the discharge line; Teflon injection valves are not spring-loaded and must be oriented vertically into bottom of pipe for ball to seat.

Note: Pumps will not give consistent results without backpressure; our injection valve provides minimum backpressure when pumping into atmosphere.

- Backpressure valve

- Adjustable spring tension on a diaphragm.
- Ensures accurate metering and prevents siphoning. Installation Tips:
- Must be in the discharge line or mounted onto the pump in the following cases:
 - When the discharge head is negligible (open-end discharge).
 - The metering pump discharges into a vacuum system or the positive suction head exceeds the discharge head.

Note: At least 15 psig differential pressure is required to provide repeatability of metering.

Pump Installation Guide

- Pulsation dampener

- Bladder type cavity with pressure gauge.
- Required for very long discharge lines.
- Required when high-viscosity media are handled.
- Required when a smooth flow profile is required. *Installation Tips:*
- Should be as close to the pump as possible.
- Set pressure at 90% of discharge line pressure.
- No further than 12 inches from the metering pump discharge, in direction of flow.

Note: Backpressure valve is required at point of injection, downstream of pulsation dampener. Consult ProMinent for verifications when discharge lines are greater than 100 feet.

- Pressure relief valve

- In form of an adjustable backpressure valve or 3-port relief valve.
- Protects metering pump against "dead head" (pumping against a closed valve).

Installation Tip:

 Must be close to the pump, upstream of the backpressure valve, for system protection.

Application Suggestions:

- Where the discharge line is hard piped.
- When pumping into high pressures.

 Where the discharge line has several check valves installed.

Note: Recommended for all motor-driven pumps.

- Viscous fluids

- Require valve springs to ensure balls seat properly. *Installation Tips:*
- Should be spring-loaded for viscous media.
- The suction piping should be sized up by one pipe size and a pulsation dampener used.
- Select PVT4 series pumps with special liquid ends for extremely high viscosities. Positive suction recommended.

- Calibration column

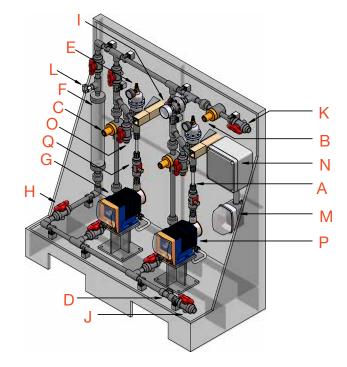
- Draw down, graduated cylinder.
- Useful for setting up metering pump to reach desired capacity.
- Single pump dosing package can be equipped with a self-filling calibration assembly for application where the pump is installed above the tank (eliminates chemical handling).

Installation Tip:

• Easy to install off the suction side of the metering pump with a ball valve to isolate from the tank.

Standard System Configuration

- A: Reinforced PVC tubing
- B: Backpressure/anti-siphon valve
- C: Pressure relief valve
- D: Location of "Y" strainer (not shown)
- E: Pulsation Dampener
- F: Calibration Column
- G: Metering Pump
- H: Ball Valve
- I: Pressure Gauge
- J: Product Inlet
- K: Product Outlet
- L: Vent to Tank
- M: Duplex Receptacle*
- N: Termination Box*
- O: Flush Valve
- P: Backup Pump
- Q: Flow Monitor
- (M) & (N) are **not** standard: Items shown for layout purposes only.



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Introduction

Pump Selection by Capacity

ProMinent Pump Model	GPD	Capacity gph	cc/Min	Max. PSIG	Std. MNPT Fittings (in.)	Manual Freq Adj	Pu 1:01	lse M/D	Analog 4-20mA
beta/4b 1000	5	0.19	12	145	1/4" x 3/16"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
gamma/L 1000	5	0.19	12	145	1/4" x 3/16"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
beta/4b 1601	7	0.29	18	232	1/4" x 3/16"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
gamma/L 1601	7	0.29	18	232	1/4" x 3/16"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
beta/4b 2001	7	0.29	18	290	1/4" x 3/16"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
beta/4b 1602	14	0.58	36	232	1/4" x 3/16"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
gamma/L 1602	14	0.58	36	232	1/4" x 3/16"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
beta/b 2002	14	0.58	48	290	1/4" x 3/16"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
beta/5 b 2504	18	0.77	49	363	8 x 4 mm	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
beta/4 b 1604	24	1	63	232	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
ProMus (17) 3/8" Plunger	24	1	63	3500	1/4" FNPT	29-58	N/A	N/A	OPT
beta/5b 1605	26	1.1	69	232	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
gamma/L 1605	26	1.1	69	232	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
gamma/L 1005	26	1.1	69	145	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
beta/4b 1005	26	1.1	69	145	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
ProMus (17) 7/16" Plunger	33	1.38	87	3500	1/4" FNPT	29-58	N/A	N/A	OPT
beta/5b 1008	43	1.8	114	145	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
gamma/L 1008	43	1.8	114	145	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
beta/4b 0708	46	1.9	120	101	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
gamma/L 0708	46	1.9	120	101	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
ProMus (17) 3/8" Plunger	59	2.4	151	3500	1/4" FNPT	29-138	N/A	N/A	OPT
beta/5b 0713	70	2.9	183	101	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
gamma/L 0713	70	2.9	183	101	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
ProMus (30) 5/8" Plunger	72	3	189	2080	1/4" FNPT	29-58	N/A	N/A	OPT
beta/4 b 0413	77	3.2	202	58	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
delta 1612	77	3.2	202	232	1/2" x 3/8"	0-200	STD	OPT	OPT
ProMus (17) 7/16" Plunger	80	3.3	208	3500	1/4" FNPT	29-138	N/A	N/A	OPT
ProMus (30) 13/16" Plunger	91	3.8	240	1230	3/8" FNPT	29-43	N/A	N/A	OPT
beta/5b 0420	108	4.5	284	58	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
gamma/L 0420	108	4.5	284	58	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
beta/4 b 0220	120	5	315	29	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
Sigma/1 HM 12017	124	5.2	334	145	1/2"	0-88	STD	OPT	OPT
delta 1020	127	5.3	334	145	1/2" x 3/8"	0-200	STD	OPT	OPT
Sigma/1 HM 10022	164	6.8	434	145	1/2"	0-88	STD	OPT	OPT
ProMus (30) 5/8" Plunger	173	7.2	454	2080	1/4" FNPT	29-138*	N/A	N/A	OPT
delta 730	190	7.9	498	102	1/2" x 3/8"	0-200	STD	OPT	OPT
beta/5b 0232	202	8.4	530	29	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	STD	N/A
gamma/L 0232	202	8.4	530	29	1/2" x 3/8"	0-180	STD	OPT	OPT
Sigma/1 HM 12035	266	11.1	700	145	1/2"	0-172	STD	OPT	OPT
delta 450	317	13.2	833	58	1/2"	0-200	STD	OPT	OPT
Sigma/1 HM 10044	336	14	884	145	1/2"	0-172	STD	OPT	OPT
Sigma/2 HM 12050	382	15.9	1003	145	1/2"	0-87	STD	OPT	OPT
delta 280	506	21.1	1331	29	1/2"	0-200	STD	OPT	OPT
ProMus (30) 1-1/8" Plunger	506	21.1	1331	640	3/8" FNPT	29-115**	N/A	N/A	OPT
ProMus (40) 1-3/4" Plunger	614	25.6	1615	265	3/4" FNPT	29-58**	N/A	N/A	OPT
Sigma/2 HM 12090	686	28.6	1804	145	3/4"	0-156	STD	OPT	OPT
Sigma/2 HM 07120	912	38	2397	100	3/4"	0-130	STD	OPT	OPT
Sigma/3 HM 120190	1445	60.2	3798	145	1"	0-124	STD	OPT	OPT
ProMus (40) 2" Plunger	1603	66.8	4214	200	3/4" FNPT	29-115**	N/A	N/A	OPT
Sigma/2 HM 07220	1673	69.7	4397	100	3/4"	0-156	STD	OPT	OPT
ProMus (40) 2-1/4" Plunger	2030	84.6	5337	160	3/4" FNPT	29-115**	N/A	N/A	OPT
Sigma/3 HM 120270	2054	85.6	5400	145	1"	0-173	STD	OPT	OPT
	2200				1"	0-173		OPT	OPT
Sigma/2 HM 04350		92.5	5833	58 160			STD		
ProMus (40) 2-1/4" Plunger	2436	101.5	6404	160	3/4" FNPT	29-138**	N/A	N/A	OPT
Sigma/3 HM 070410	3120	130	8200	100	1-1/2"	0-86	STD	OPT	OPT
Sigma/3 HM 070580	4416	184	11600	100	1-1/2"	0-124	STD	OPT	OPT
Sigma/3 HM 040830	6336	264	16670	58	1-1/2"	0-173	STD	OPT	OPT

Chemical Resistance List

Resistance of liquid end materials against common chemicals at standard temperature 68°F (20°C). (May differ at other temperatures)

s = saturated aqueous solution n = unknown resistance +/0 = conditional resistance => = refer to . . .

+ = good resistance A.C. = any concentration 0 = limited resistance S = saturated solution

- = no resistance Conc. = concentrated +(x%) = good resistance to x% concentration D = weak solution

= With glued fittings, please check the resistance of the glue.

These classifications are the results of practical experience of the manufacturers of the raw materials. Since the resistance of the materials depends also on other factors (operating conditions, surface quality, etc.), this list cannot be more than a general information for which no responsibility is accepted. It should be particularly noted that, as a rule, the aggressiveness of a mixture is different from that of its individual components. In cases of doubt, suitable tests should be performed.

resp. to aqueous solutions

N.B. PTFE is resistant against most chemicals and solvents (excluding fluorine, metallic sodium and other alkali metals). PVDF is resistant against most chemicals (excluding ketones, esters).

Chemical	Formula	CONC.	Acrylic	PVC	316 SS	PE	PP	Viton®	EPDM	PVDF	Teflon
Acetaldehyde	CH ₃ CHO	100%	-	-	+	+	0	-	+/0	+	+
Acetamide	CH ₃ CONH ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	+
Acetic Acid	CH ₃ COOH	100%	-	+(50%)	+	+(70%)	+	_	0	+	+
Acetic Anhydride	(CH ₃ CO) ₂ O	100%	-	-	+	0	0	-	+/0	-	+
Acetone	CH ₃ COCH ₃	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	0	+
Acetophenone	C,H,COCH,	100%	-	n	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Acetyl Chloride	CH ₃ COCI	100%	-	+	0	-	-	+	-	-	+
Acetylacetone	C ₅ H ₈ O ₂	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
Acetylene Dichloride=>	Dichloroethylene										
Acetylene Tetrachloride=>	Tetrachloroethane										
Acrylonitrile	CH ₂ =CH-CN	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+
Adipic Acid	C ₆ H ₁₀ O ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Allyl Alcohol	CH,CHCH,OH	96%	-	0	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Aluminum Acetate	AI (CH ₃ COO) ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Aluminum Bromide	AlBr	S	+	+	n	+	+	+	+	+	+
Aluminum Chloride	AICI ₃	S	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+
Aluminum Fluoride	AIF ₃	10%	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+
Aluminum Hydroxide	Al (OH) ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Aluminum Nitrate	Al (NO ₃) ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Aluminum Phosphate	AIPO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Aluminum Sulfate	Al (SO ₄) ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Acetate		S	+	+/0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Aluminum Sulfate	NH ₄ Al(SO ₄) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Bicarbonate	NH ₄ HCO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Carbonate	(NH ₄) ₂ CO ₃	40%		+		+	+	+		+	
Ammonium Chloride	. 42 0	40% S	+		+				+		+
	NH₄CI NH₄F	S	+	+		+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Fluoride	*		+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Hydrogen Carbonate	NH ₄ HCO ₃	A.C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Hydroxide	NH ₄ OH	S	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Ammonium Nitrate	NH ₄ NO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Oxalate	(NH ₄) ₂ C ₂ O ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Perchlorate	NH ₄ CIO ₄	10%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Peroxodisulfate	$(NH_4)_2S_2O_8$	S	+	+	+(5%)	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Persulfate	$(NH_4)_2S_2O_8$	A.C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Phosphate	(NH ₄) ₃ PO ₄	A.C.	+	+	+(10%)	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Sulfate	$(NH_4)_2SO_4$	A.C.	+	+	+(10%)	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ammonium Sulfide	$(NH_4)_2S$	S	+	+	n	+	+	+	+	+	+
Amyl Alcohol	C₅H₁₁OH	100%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Aniline	C ₆ H ₅ NH ₂	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	+/0	+	+
Aniline Hydrochloride	C ₆ H ₅ NH ₂ HCI	S	n	+	-	+	+	+/0	+/0	+	+
Antimony Trichloride	SbCl ₃	S	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
Aqua Regia	3HCI+HNO₃	100%	-	+	-	-	-	-	0	+	+
Arsenic Acid	H ₃ AsO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Barium Carbonate	BaCO _o	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Barium Chloride	BaCl ₂	S	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+
Barium Hydroxide	Ba(OH) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Barium Nitrate	Ba(NO ₃) ₂	A.C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Barium Sulfate	BaSO ₄	A.C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Barium Sulfide	BaS	A.C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Beer	_	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Door		10070	т	т	r	1"	г	т	r	т	т

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resp. to aqueous solutions

Introduction

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+/0 = conditional resistance => = refer to . . .

+ = good resistance A.C. = any concentration
0 = limited resistance S = saturated solution

 $\begin{array}{lll} - & = \text{ no resistance} & \text{Conc.} & = \text{ concentrated} \\ + (x\%) & = \text{ good resistance to } x\% \text{ concentration} & D & = \text{ weak solution} \end{array}$

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N.B. PTFE is resistant against most chemicals and solvents (excluding fluorine, metallic sodium and other alkali metals). PVDF is resistant against most chemicals (excluding ketones, esters).

Chemical	Formula	CONC.	Acrylic	PVC	316 SS	PE	PP	Viton®	EPDM	PVDF	Teflon
Benzaldehyde	C ₆ H ₅ CHO	100%	-	-	+	0	+	+	+	+	+
Benzene	C H	100%	-	-	+	0	0	0	-	+	+
Benzene Sulfonic Acid	C _s H _s SO ₃ H	10%	n	n	+	n	+	+	-	+	+
Benzoic Acid	C _s H _s COOH	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Benzoyl Chloride	C°H°COCI	100%	-	n	0	0	0	+	+	n	+
Benzyl Alcohol	C H CH OH	100%	_	_	+	+	+	+	_	+	+
Benzyl Benzoate	C,H,COOC,H,	100%	-	_	+	0	+	+	_	0	+
Benzyl Chloride	C°H°CH°CI	90%	_	n	+	0	0	+	_	+	+
Bleach=>	Sodium Hypochlorite										
Bleaching Powder	Ca(OCI),	S	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+
Borax	Na B ₄ O ₇	A.C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Boric Acid	H ₃ BO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Brine	- 3 3	S	+	+/0	+/0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Bromine	Br,	100%	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	+	+
Bromine Liquid	Br,	100%	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	+	+
Bromine Water	-	S	_	+	_	_	_	_	_	+	+
Bromo Benzene	C _e H _s Br	100%	n	n	+	0	0	0	_	+	+
Bromochloro Methane	CH ₂ BrCl	100%	_	_	+	0	_	n	+/0	+	+
Bromochlorotrifluoroethane	HCCIBrCF	100%	_	_	+	0	0	+	- -	+	+
Butanediol	HOC ₄ H ₈ OH	10%	n	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	+
Butanetroil	$C_4H_{10}O_3$	S	+		+		+	0	+	+	+
Butanol		100%	-	+		+		0	+/0		
	C ₄ H ₉ OH	100%	_	+	+	+	+	_	+/0	+	+
Butyl Acetate	CH ₃ COOC ₄ H ₉		_		+					+	+
Butyl Acrylate	C ₇ H ₁₃ O ₂	100%		-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+
Butyl Amine	C ₄ H ₉ NH ₂	100%	n	n	+	+	n	-	-	0	+
Butyl Benzoate	C ₆ H ₅ COOC ₄ H ₉	100%	-	-	+	0	0	+	+	n	+
Butyl Ether	$(C_4H_9)_2O$	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	0	+	+
Butyl Mercaptan	C ₄ H ₉ SH	100%	n	n	n	n	n	+	-	+	+
Butyl Oleate	$C_{22}H_{42}O_{2}$	100%	n	n	+	n	n	+	+/0	+	+
Butyl Stearate	$C_{22}H_{44}O_2$	100%	0	n	+	n	n	+	-	+	+
Butylaldehyde	C ₃ H ₇ CHO	100%	-	n	+	+	+	-	+/0	n	+
Butyric Acid	C ₃ H ₇ COOH	100%	+(5%)	+(20%)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Acetate	(CH ₃ COO) ₂ Ca	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Bisulfite	Ca(HSO ₃) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Carbonate	CaCO ₃	A.C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Chloride	CaCl ₂	S	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Cyanide	Ca(CN)	S	+	+	n	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Hydrogen Sulfite	CaHSO	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
*Calcium Hydroxide	CA(OH)	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Hypochlorite	Ca(OCI)	S	+	+	-	+	0	0	+	+	+
Calcium Nitrate	Ca(NO ₂)	S	+	+(50%)	+	+	+(50%)	+	+	+	+
Calcium Phosphate	Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Sulfate	CaSO,	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Sulfide	CaS	S	+	+	n	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Sulfite	CaSO ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Calcium Thiosulfate	CaS ₂ O ₃	S	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+
Camphor	C ₁₀ H ₁₆ O	100%	т -	T _	+	_	+	0	_	+	+
Carbolic Acid (see Phenol)	C ₆ H ₅ OH	100%	_	0	+	0	+	+	_	+	+
Carbonic Acid (see Prierioi) Carbon Disulfide	CS₂	100%	_	_	+	0	0	+	_	+	+
Carbon Distillide Carbon Tetrachloride	CCI ₄	100%	0	_	+	0	_		_	+	
		100% S						+			+
Carbonic Acid	H ₂ CO ₃	3	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

^{*} Requires flushing.

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Chemical Resistance List

Resistance of liquid end materials against common chemicals at standard temperature 68°F (20°C). (May differ at other temperatures)

n

= saturated aqueous solution

= conditional resistance => = refer to . . .

+ = good resistance o = limited resistance A.C. = any concentration S = saturated solution

= unknown resistance -

- = no resistance Conc. = concentrated +(x%) = good resistance to x% concentration D = weak solution

Conc. = concentrated

resp. to aqueous solutions

= With glued fittings please check the resistance of the glue

N.B. PTFE is resistant against most chemicals and solvents (excluding fluorine, metallic sodium and other alkali metals). PVDF is resistant against most chemicals (excluding ketones, esters).

Chemical	Formula	CONC.	Acrylic	PVC	316 SS	PE	PP	Viton®	EPDM	PVDF	Teflon
Caustic Soda=>	Sodium Hydroxide										
Chloric Acid	HCIO ₃	20%	+	+	-	+10%	-	0	0	+	+
Chlorine Dioxide Solution	CIO,+H,O	0.5%	0	+	-	0	0	0	-	+	+
Chloroacetic Acid	CH,CICOOH	A.C.	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+
Chlorine Water	Cl ₂ +H ₂ O	S	+	+	-	0	0	+	+	+	+
Chlorobenzene	C _s H _s Cl	100%	-	-	+	0	+	+	-	+	+
Chloroethanol	CICH,CH,OH	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	0	0	+
Chloroethylbenzene	C ₆ H ₄ ČIC ₂ H ₅	100%	-	-	+	0	0	0	-	n	+
Chlorophenol	C ₆ H₄OHCI	100%	n	n	+	+	+	n	-	+	+
Chlorotoluene	C ₇ H ₈ Cl	100%	-	-	+	n	n	+	-	+	+
Chloroacetone	CICH, COCH,	100%	-	-	+	n	n	-	+	n	+
Chlorobutadiene	C₄H₅CI	100%	-	-	+	n	n	+	-	n	+
Chloroform	CHCI3	100%	-	-	+	-	0	+	_	+	+
Chlorohydrin	C ₃ H ₇ O ₂ CI	100%	n	n	+	+	+	+	0	-	+
Chloroprene=>	Chlorobutadiene										
Chlorosulfonic Acid	SO ₂ (OH)CI	100%	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	+
Chrome Sulfate	Cr ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Chromic Acid	H,CrO,	50%	-	+	+(10%)	+	0	+	_	+	+
Chromic Sulfuric Acid	K ₂ CrO ₄ +H ₂ SO ₄	S	_	+	n	_	-	n	n	+	+
Citric Acid	C ₆ H ₈ O ₇	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Cobalt Chloride	CoCl	S	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+
Copper II Acetate	Cu(CH,COO),	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Copper II Arsenite	Cu ₃ (AsO ₃) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Copper II Carbonate	CuCO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Copper II Chloride	CuCl ₂	S	+	+	+(1%)	+	+	+	+	+	+
Copper II Cyanide	Cu(CN) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Copper II Fluoride	CuF ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Copper II Nitrate	Cu(NO ₃) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Copper II Sulfate	CuSO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Cresole	C ₆ H ₄ CH ₃ OH	100%	0	0	+	+	+	+	_	+	+
Crotonaldehyde	CH ₃ C ₂ H ₂ CHO	100%	n	-	+	+	+	_	+	+	+
Cyclohexane	C ₆ H ₁₂	100%	+	_	+	+	+	+	_	+	+
Cyclohexanol	C ₆ H ₁₁ OH	100%	0	+/0	+	+	+	+	_	+	+
Cyclohexanone	C ₆ H ₁₀ O	100%	_	_	+	+	+	_	+/0	+	+
Cyclohexyl Alcohol=>	Cyclohexanol	10070					'		170	•	•
Cyclohexylamine	C ₆ H ₁₃ N	100%	0	0	+	n	n	_	n	n	+
Cyclonoxylamine		10070	•	•							
D ecahydronaphthaline	C ₁₀ H ₁₈	100%	-	+/0	n	0	0	0	-	+	+
Decalin=>	Decahydronaphthal										
Diisononyl Phthalate	$C_{26}H_{42}O_4$	100%	-	-	+	+	+	n	n	+	+
Diacetone Alcohol	$C_6H_{12}O_2$	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Diamine Ethylene	(CH ₂ NH ₂) ₂	100%	n	0	0	+	+	-	+	+	+
Dibromoethane	$C_2H_4Br_2$	100%	-	-	+	-	n	+	-	+	+
Dibutyl Ether	$C_4H_9OC_4H_9$	100%	0	-	+	0	0	-	0	+	+
Dibutyl Phthalate	C ₁₆ H ₂₂ O ₄	100%	-	-	+	0	+	+	+/0	+	+
Dibutylamine	$(C_4H_9)_2NH$	100%	n	n	+	+	+	-	-	+	+
Dichloro Acetic Acid		100%	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Dichloro Benzene	C ₆ H ₄ Cl ₂	100%	-	-	+	0	0	+	-	+	+
Dichloro Butane	C ₄ H ₈ Cl ₂	100%	_	-	+	0	0	+	_	+	+
Dichloro Butene	C ₄ H ₆ Cl ₂	100%	-	-	+	0	0	0	-	+	+
Dextrose	C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	A.C.	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Dichloroethane	C ₂ H ₄ Cl ₂	100%	-	-	+	-	0	+	-	+	+
Dichloroethylene	C,H,Cl,	100%	_	-	+	-	0	0	-	+	+
Dichloroisopropyl Ether	(C ₃ H ₆ Cl) ₂ O	100%	-	-	+	0	0	0	0	n	+
Dicyclohexylamine	C ₁₂ H ₂₃ N	100%	0	0	+	+	+	_	+	n	+

Chemical Resistance List

Resistance of liquid end materials against common chemicals at standard temperature 68°F (20°C). (May differ at other temperatures)

= saturated aqueous solution s

+/0 = conditional resistance

= good resistance = limited resistance 0 = no resistance

+(x%) = good resistance to x% concentration

= With glued fittings please check the resistance of the glue

= unknown resistance -=>

= refer to . . . A.C. = any concentration

S = saturated solution Conc. = concentrated

D = weak solution

resp. to aqueous solutions

N.B. PTFE is resistant against most chemicals and solvents (excluding fluorine, metallic sodium and other alkali metals). PVDF is resistant against most chemicals (excluding ketones, esters).

Chemical	Formula	CONC.	Acrylic	PVC	316 SS	PE	PP	Viton®	EPDM	PVDF	Teflor
Diethylamine	(C ₂ H ₅) ₂ NH	100%	-	-	+	0	+	-	+	+	+
Diethylene Glycol	C ₄ H ₁₀ O ₃	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Diethyleneglydolethyl Ether	C ₈ H ₁₈ O ₃	100%	n	n	+	+	+	n	+/0	+	+
Diethyl Ether	(C ₂ H ₅) ₂ O	100%	-	-	+	0	0	-	-	+	+
Diglycolic Acid	C ₄ H ₆ O ₅	30%	+	+	+	+	+	+	n	+	+
Dihexyl Phthalate	C ₂₀ H ₂₆ O ₄	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	n	+	+
Diisobutylketone	C ₉ H ₁₈ O ⁴	100%	_	_	+	+	+	_	+	+	+
Diisopropylketone	C ₇ H ₁₄ O	100%	_	_	+	+	+	_	+	+	+
Dimethyl Carbonate	(CH ₃ O) ₂ CO	100%	n	n	+	-	+	+	_	+	+
Dimethyl Phthalate	C ₁₀ H ₁₀ O ₄	100%	_	-	+	+	+	_	+/0	+	+
Dimethylformamide	HCON(CH ₃) ₂	100%	_	_	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
Dimethylhydrazine	H ₂ NN(CH ₂) ₂	100%	n	n	+	+	+	_	+	+	+
Dioctyl Phthalate	C ₆ H ₄ (COOC ₈ H ₁₇) ₂	100%	_	_	+	+	+	_	+/0	+	+
Dioxane	C ₄ H ₈ O ₂	100%	_	_	+	+	0	_	+/0	0	+
Dimethyl Formic Amide	HCON(CH ₃) ₂	100%	_	_	_	0	+	0	0	_	+
Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate	Na ₂ HPO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Disulfur Dichloride	S ₂ Cl ₂	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
DMF=>	Dimethylformamide	10070	т	т	Ŧ	т	T	т	_	Ŧ	т
DIVII =>	Dimetriyilormamide										
Engine Oils		100%	n	+/0	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Ethanol	C ₂ H ₅ OH	100%	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Ethanol Amine	HOC ₂ H ₄ NH ₂	100%	0	n	+	+	+	-	+/0	+	+
Ethyl Acetate	CH ₃ COOC ₂ H ₅	100%	-	-	+	+	+35%	-	+/0	-	+
Ethyl Acrylate	C,H,COOC,H,	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	+/0	0	+
Ethyl Benzene	C ₆ H ₅ C ₂ H ₅	100%	-	-	+	0	0	0	-	+	+
Ethyl Benzoate	C ₆ H ₅ COOC ₂ H ₅	100%	n	-	+	+	+	+	-	0	+
Ethyl Bromide	C ₂ H ₅ Br	100%	n	n	n	+	+	+	_	+	+
Ethyl Chloride	C ₅ H ₅ CI	100%	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+
Ethyl Chloroacetate	CICH,COOC,H,	100%	-	0	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Ethyl Chlorocarbonate	CICO,C,H,	100%	n	n	n	n	n	+	_	n	+
Ethylacetylacetate	C ₆ H ₁₀ O ₃	100%	n	_	+	+	+	+	_	+	+
Ethylacrylic Acid	C ₄ H ₇ COOH	100%	n	n	+	+	+	n	+/0	+	+
Ethylene Dibromide	C ₂ H ₄ Br ₂	100%	_	_	+	_	0	+	_	+	+
Ethylene Dichloride	C ₂ H ₄ Cl ₂	100%	_	_	+	_	0	+	_	+	+
Ethylene Glycol	C ₂ H ₄ (OH) ₂	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ethylenglycol Ethylether	HOC ₂ H ₄ OC ₂ H ₅	100%	n	n	+	+	+	n	+/0	+	+
Ethylhexanol	C ₈ H ₁₆ O	100%	n	+/0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Entrymoxanor	0 ₈ 11 ₁₆ 0	10070	"	170	'	'	'	'	'	'	
Fatty Acids	-	100%	0	0	+	+	+	+	0	+	+
Ferric Chloride	FeCl₃	S	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ferric Nitrate	Fe(NO ₃) ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ferric Phosphate	FePO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ferric Sulfate	Fe ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	S	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ferrous Chloride	FeCl ₂	S	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
Ferrous Sulfate	FeSO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Fluoro Benzene	C ₆ H ₅ F	100%	-	-	+	0	+	0	-	+	+
Fluoroboric Acid	HBF₄	35%	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Formaldehyde	CH ₂ O	40%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+/0	+	+
Formamide	HCONH,	100%	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Formic Acid	HCOOH	S	_	+/0	+	+	+	_	_	+	+
Freon 12,13,22,114,115	-	100%	_	+	_	_	_	_	_	0	+
Furan	C_4H_4O	100%	_	_	+	+	+	_	n	_	+
Furane Aldehyde	C ₅ H ₅ O ₂	100%	n	n	n	n	n	-	+/0	0	+
Furfuryl Alcohol	OC ₄ H ₃ CH ₂ OH	100%	-	_	+	+	+	n	+/0	0	+

Chemical Resistance List

Resistance of liquid end materials against common chemicals at standard temperature 68°F (20°C). (May differ at other temperatures)

= saturated aqueous solution n = unknown resistance

+/o = conditional resistance => = refer to . . .

+ = good resistance A.C. = any concentration

o = limited resistance S = saturated solution ____ resp. to aqueous solutions _ = no resistance Conc. = concentrated

+(x%) = good resistance to x% concentration D = weak solution

= With glued fittings please check the resistance of the glue

N.B. PTFE is resistant against most chemicals and solvents (excluding fluorine, metallic sodium and other alkali metals). PVDF is resistant against most chemicals (excluding ketones, esters).

Chemical	Formula	CONC.	Acrylic	PVC	316 SS	PE	PP	Viton®	EPDM	PVDI	Teflon
Gallic Acid	C ₆ H ₂ (OH) ₃ COOH	5%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+/0	+	+
Gasoline	-	100%	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Glucose	C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Glycerol Triacetate	C ₃ H ₅ (CH ₃ COO) ₃	100%	n	n	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Glycerol	C ₃ H ₅ (OH) ₃	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Glycine	NH,CH,COOH	10%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Glycol	C ₂ H ₄ (OH) ₂	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Glycolic Acid	CH ₂ OH COOH	70%	+	+(37%)	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
Heptane	C ₇ H ₁₆	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Hexanal	C ₅ H ₁₁ CHO	100%	n	n	+	+	+	-	+/0	+	+
Hexane	C ₆ H ₁₄	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Hexanol	C ₆ H ₁₁ OH	100%	-	-	+	+	+	n	+	+	+
Hexene	C ₆ H ₁₂	100%	n	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Hydrazine Hydrate	$N_2H_4^*H_2O$	S	+	+	+	+	+	n	+	+	+
Hydrazine	N_2H_4	Conc.	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Hydrobromic Acid	HBr	50%	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
Hydrochloric Acid	HCI	38%	+(32%)	+*	-	+	+	-	+	+	+
Hydrofluoric Acid	HF	80%	-	+(40%)*	-	+(40%)	+(40%)	+	0	+	+
Hydrofluosilicic Acid	H ₂ SiF ₆	30%	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Hydrogen Cyanide	HCN	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Hydrogen Peroxide	H_2O_2	90%	+(40%)	+(40%)	+	+	+(30%)	+(30%)	+(30%)	+	+
Hydroiodic Acid	HI	S	+	+	-	+	+	-	n	+	+
Hydroquinone	C ₆ H ₄ (OH) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	S	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Hydroxylamine Sulfate	$(NH_2OH)_2*H_2SO_4$	10%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Hypochlorous Acid	HOCI	S	+	+	-	0	0	+	+/0	+	+
lodine		S	0	-	-	0	+	+	+/0	+	+
Isobutyl Alcohol	C ₂ H ₅ CH(OH)CH ₃	100%	_	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Isopropyl Chloride	CH ₃ CHCICH ₃	80%	-	-	+	0	0	+	-	+	+
Isopropyl Acetate	CH ₃ COOCH(CH ₃) ₂	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	+/0	+	+
Isopropyl Alcohol	(CH ₃) ₂ CHOH	100%	0	+/0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Isopropyl Benzene	C ₆ H ₅ CH(CH ₃) ₂	100%	-	-	+	0	0	+	-	+	+
Isopropyl Ether	C ₆ H ₁₄ O	100%	-	-	+	0	0	-	-	+	+
sopropanol=>	Isopropyl Alcohol										
Lactic Acid	C ₃ H ₆ O ₃	100%	_	+	+/0	+	+	+	+(10%)	+	+
Lead II Acetate	Pb(CH ₃ COO) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Lead Nitrate	Pb(NO ₃) ₂	50%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Lead Sulfate	PbSO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Lead Tetraethyl	Pb(C ₂ H ₅) ₄	100%	0	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Lime Milk=>	Calcium Hydroxide										
*Lime Slurry	Ca(OH) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Lithium Bromide	LiBr	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Lithium Chloride	LiCl	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Magnesium Carbonate	MgCO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Magnesium Chloride	MgCl ₂	S	+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+
*Magnesium Hydroxide	$Mg(OH)_2$	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Magnesium Nitrate	$Mg(NO_3)_2$	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Magnesium Sulfate	$MgSO_4$	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Maleic Acid	$C_4H_4O_4$	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Malic Acid	$C_4H_6O_5$	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Manganese II Chloride	MnCl ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

^{*}Requires flushing.

10/14/2016 -product overview

Chemical Resistance List

Resistance of liquid end materials against common chemicals at standard temperature 68°F (20°C). (May differ at other temperatures)

s = saturated aqueous solution +/0

= conditional resistance

= good resistance = limited resistance 0 = no resistance

+(x%) = good resistance to x% concentration

= unknown resistance -= refer to . . .

= any concentration A.C. S = saturated solution

Conc. = concentrated D = weak solution

resp. to aqueous solutions

= With glued fittings please check the resistance of the glue

N.B. PTFE is resistant against most chemicals and solvents (excluding fluorine, metallic sodium and other alkali metals). PVDF is resistant against most chemicals (excluding ketones, esters).

Chemical	Formula	CONC.	Acrylic	PVC	316 SS	PE	PP	Viton®	EPDM	PVDF	Teflon
Manganese Sulfate	MnSO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Mercuric Chloride	HgCl ₃	S	_	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+
Mercury	Hg	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Mercury II Chloride	HgCl _s	S	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+
Mercury II Cyanide	Hg(CN) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Mercury II Nitrate	Hg(NO ₃) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Mesityl Oxide	C ₆ H ₁₀ O	100%	-	_	+	n	n	_	+/0	n	+
Methacrylic Acid	C ₃ H ₅ COOH	100%	n	n	+	+	+	0	+/0	+	+
Methanol	CH ₃ OH	100%	_	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Methoxybutanol	CH ₃ O(CH ₃),OH	100%	_	_	+	+	+	+	0	+	+
Methyl Acetate	CH ₃ COOCH ₃	60%	_	_	+	+	+	_	+/0	+	+
Methyl Acrylate	C,H,COOCH,	100%	_	_	+	+	+	_	+/0	+	+
Methyl Benzoate	C _e H _e COOCH ₃	100%	_	_	+	+	+	+	+ /0	0	+
Methyl Catechol	C ₆ H ₃ (OH) ₂ CH ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+
Methyl Cellulose	O ₆ 11 ₃ (O11) ₂ O11 ₃	S	+	+	+		+		+		+
Methyl Chloroacetate	CICH,COOCH,	100%	-	0		+		+	_	+	
•	2 3				+	+	+			+	+
Methyl Cyclopentane	C ₅ H ₉ CH ₃	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	+	+
Methyl Dichloroacetate	CI ₂ CHCOOCH ₃	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	n	n	+
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	CH ₃ COC ₂ H ₅	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+
Methyl Glycol	C ₃ H ₈ O ₂	100%	+	+	+	+	+	-	+/0	+	+
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	CH ₃ COC ₄ H ₉	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	0	-	+
Methyl Isopropyl Ketone	CH ₃ COC ₃ H ₇	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	+/0	-	+
Methyl Methacrylate	C ₃ H ₅ COOCH ₃	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+
Methyl Oleate	C ₁₇ H ₃₃ COOCH ₃	100%	n	n	+	+	+	+	+/0	+	+
Methyl Salicylate	HOC ₆ H ₄ COOCH ₃	100%	-	-	+	+	+	n	+/0	+	+
Methylacetyl Acetate	$C_5H_8O_3$	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	+/0	+	+
Methylamine	CH ₃ NH ₂	32%	+	0	+	+	+	-	+	0	+
Methylene Chloride	CH ₂ Cl ₂	100%	-	-	0	-	0	+	-	0	+
Milk	_	_	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Morpholine	C ₄ H ₉ NO	100%	-	-	+	+	+	n	n	+	+
N aphthalene	C ₁₀ H ₈	S	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+
Nickel II Acetate	(CH ₃ COO) ₂ Ni	S	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Nickel Chloride	NiCl ₂	S	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
Nickel Nitrate	Ni(NO ₃) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Nickel Sulfate	NiSO	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Nitric Acid	HNO,	99%	n	+(50%)	+(90%)	+(50%)	+(50%)	+(65%)	+(40%)	0	+
Nitro Benzene	C ₆ H ₅ NO ₂	100%	_	_	+	_	+	_	_	+	+
Nitro Methane	CH ₃ NO ₂	100%	_	_	+	+	+	_	+/0	0	+
Nitro Propane	(CH ₃) ₂ CHNO ₂	100%	-	_	+	+	+	-	+/0	n	+
Nitro Toluene	C ₆ H ₄ NO ₂ CH ₃	100%	_	_	+	+	+	0	_	+	+
	0 1 2 0										
Oxalic Acid	(COOH) ₂	S	+	+	+(10%)	+	+	+	+	+	+
Octane	C ₈ H ₁₈	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Octanol	C ₈ H ₁₇ OH	100%	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Octyl Cresole	C ₁₅ H ₂₄ O	100%	-	-	+	+	+	0	n	+	+
Oleum	$H_2SO_4 + SO_3$	10%	n	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+
Perchloric Acid	HCIO ₄	70%	_	+(10%)	_	+	+(10%)	+	+/0	+	+
Pentane	C ₅ H ₁₂	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Pentanol=>	Amyl Alcohol										
Peracetic Acid	C ₂ H ₄ O ₃	50%	-	0	+	0	0	+	0	+	+
Petroleum Ether	C _n H _{2n+2}	100%	+	+/0	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Phenol	C ₆ H ₅ OH	100%	-	-	+	+	+	+	_	+	+
								_	_	n	+
Phenyl Ethyl Ether	C.H.OC H	100%	_	_	+						
Phenyl Ethyl Ether Phenyl Hydrazine	C ₆ H ₅ OC ₂ H ₅ C ₆ H ₅ NHNH ₂	100% 100%	-	-	+	+	+	0	_	+	+

Chemical Resistance List

Resistance of liquid end materials against common chemicals at standard temperature 68°F (20°C). (May differ at other temperatures)

= saturated aqueous solution n = unknown resistance

+/o = conditional resistance = refer to . . .

 +
 = good resistance
 A.C. = any concentration

 o
 = limited resistance
 S = saturated solution
 resp. to aqueous solutions

 = no resistance
 Conc. = concentrated

+(x%) = good resistance to x% concentration D = weak solution

= With glued fittings, please check the resistance of the glue.

N.B. PTFE is resistant against most chemicals and solvents (excluding fluorine, metallic sodium and other alkali metals). PVDF is resistant against most chemicals (excluding ketones, esters).

Chemical	Formula	CONC.	Acrylic	PVC	316 SS	PE	PP	Viton®	EPDM	PVDF	Teflon
Phosphorous Oxychloride	POCI ₃	100%	-	-	n	+	+	+	+	+	+
Phosphorous Trichloride	PCI ₃	100%	-	-	+	+	+	0	0	+	+
Phthalic Acid	C ₆ H ₄ (COOH) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Picric Acid	C ₆ H ₂ (NO ₃) ₃ OH	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Piperidine	C ₅ H ₁₁ N	100%	-	-	+	n	n	-	-	n	+
Polyphosphate =>	Sodium Tripolyphosp	hate									
Potassium Acetate	CH₃COOK	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Aluminum Sulfate	KAI(SO ₄) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Bicarbonate	KHCO ₃	40%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Bifluoride	KHF ₂	S	n	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Bisulfate	KHSO ₄	5%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Bitartrate	KC ₄ H ₅ O ₆	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Borate	KBO ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Bromate	KBrO₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Bromide	KBr	S	+	+	+(10%)	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Carbonate	K ₂ CO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Chlorate	KCIO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Chloride	KCI	S	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Chromate	K ₂ CrO ₄	10%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Chrome Sulfate	KCr(SO ₄) ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Cyanate	KOCN	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Cyanide	KCN	S	+	+	+(5%)	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Cyanoferrate II	K ₄ Fe(CN) ₆	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Cyanoferrate III	K₃Fe(CN) ₆	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Dichromate	K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇	S	+	+	+25%	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Ferricyanide	K ₃ Fe(CN) ₆	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Ferrocyanide	K ₄ Fe(CN) ₆	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Fluoride	KF	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Hydroxide	KOH	50%	n	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Potassium Iodide	KI	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Nitrate	KNO₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Perchlorate	KCIO ₄	S	+	+	n	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Permanganate	KMnO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Persulfate	K ₂ SO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Phosphate	KH ₂ PO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Sulfate	K ₂ SO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Potassium Sulfite	K ₂ SO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Propanol	C ₂ H ₇ OH	100%	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Propionic Acid	C ₂ H ₅ COOH	100%	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Propionitrile	CH ₃ CH ₂ CN	100%	n	n	+	+	+	+	_	+	+
Propyl Acetate	CH ₃ COOC ₃ H ₇	100%	-	-	+	+	+	-	+/0	+	+
Propylene Glycol	CH ₃ CHOHCH ₂ OH	100%	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Pyridine	C ₆ H ₅ N	100%	-	-	+	+	0	-	-	-	+
Pyrrole	C_4H_4N	100%	n	n	+	+	+	-	-	n	+
Salicylic Acid	HOC ₆ H₄COOH	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Sea Water	_		+	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Silic Acid	SiO ₂ +H ₂ 0	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Silver Bromide	AgBr	S	+	+	+/0	+	+	+	+	+	+
Silver Chloride	AgCl	S	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
Silver Nitrate	AgNO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+
Soda Ash=>	Sodium Carbonate										
Sodium Acetate	CH ₃ COONa	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Sodium Benzoate	C ₆ H ₅ COONa	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Sodium Bicarbonate	NaHCO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Sodium Bisulfate	NaHSO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Sodium Bisulfite	NaHSO ₃	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

Chemical Resistance List

Resistance of liquid end materials against common chemicals at standard temperature 68°F (20°C). (May differ at other temperatures)

A.C.

s = saturated aqueous solution +/0

= conditional resistance

= good resistance = limited resistance 0

= no resistance +(x%) = good resistance to x% concentration S D

Conc. = concentrated = weak solution

= refer to . . .

= unknown resistance

= any concentration

= saturated solution

resp. to aqueous solutions

= With glued fittings, please check the resistance of the glue.

N.B. PTFE is resistant against most chemicals and solvents (excluding fluorine, metallic sodium and other alkali metals). PVDF is resistant against most chemicals (excluding ketones, esters).

Formula	CONC.	Acrylic	PVC	316 SS	PE	PP	Viton®	EPDM	PVDF	Teflo
NaBO ₂	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NaBrO _a	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
NaBr	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Na,CO,	S	+	+	+/0	+	+	+	+	+	+
- 0	S	+	+	+	+		+	+	+	+
3	_	+	+	_	+		+	+	+	+
				+(10%)						+
4				, ,						+
										+
										+
										+
	_									+
										+
*										
										+
										+
										+
										+
										+
5		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
-			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
2 2 4					+	+	+	+	+	+
		+		+	+	+	+	+	+	+
7		+	+	+(10%)	+	+	+	+	+	+
Na ₂ O ₂	S	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+
$Na_2S_2O_8$	S	n	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
$Na_2S_2O_5$	S	+	+	+	+	+	n	n	+	+
C ₆ H ₄ (OH)COONa	S	+	+/0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Na ₂ SiO ₃ .	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Na ₂ SO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Na,S	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Na SO	S	+	+	+(50%)	+	+	+	+	+	+
2 0	S	+	+	, ,	+		+	+	+	+
		+			+		+	+		+
				` '						+
										+
*										+
										+
										+
										+
U ₄ Π ₆ U ₄										+
П 80										+
- '										+
2 0					+					+
	100%	-	-	n	-	-	+	U	n	+
C ₇₆ H ₅₂ O ₄₆		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
C ₄ H ₆ O ₆	S	+(50%)	+	+	+	+	+	+/0	+	+
C ₂ H ₂ Cl ₄	100%	-	_	+	0	0	0	-	+	+
		-	-	+	0	0	0	-	+	+
		_	-	+	0	0	-	-	-	+
		_	_			_	+	_		+
			_							+
										+
										+
SnSO ₄		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
			-	T	T		T	T	T	
	NaBrO ₃ NaBr Na ₂ CO ₃ NaClO ₃ NaClO ₃ NaCl NaClO ₂ Na ₂ CrO ₄ NaCN NaCr ₂ O ₇ Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ NaF NaHSO ₄ NaHSO ₃ NaOH NaOCl Nal ((NaPO ₃)n NaNO ₃ NaNO ₂ Na ₂ C ₂ O ₄ NaBO ₂ +*H ₂ O ₂ Na ₂ C ₂ O ₄ NaBO ₂ +*H ₂ O ₂ Na ₂ S ₂ O ₅ C ₆ H ₄ (OH)COONa Na ₂ S ₂ O ₅ C ₆ H ₄ (OH)COONa Na ₂ SiO ₃ Na ₂ SO ₃ Na ₃ SO ₃ Cl ₂ C(c ₄ H ₁₀ O ₅)n C ₁₇ H ₃ SCOOH C ₆ H ₂ CHCH ₂ C ₄ H ₆ O ₄ C ₇ H ₆ O ₆ C ₇ H ₂ Cl ₄ C ₇ C ₇ Cl ₄ C ₇ Cl ₄ C ₈ Cl ₄ Cl ₄ H ₈ SOCl ₂ C ₇ H ₄ Cl ₄ H ₈ SOCl ₂ C ₇ H ₄ S SnCl ₂	NaBrO ₃ S NaBr S Na ₂ CO ₃ S NaClO ₃ S NaCl S NaClO ₂ 24% Na ₂ CrO ₄ S NaCN S NaCr ₂ O ₇ S Na ₂ S ₂ O ₄ S NaF S NaHSO ₄ S NaHSO ₃ S NaOH 50% NaOCl 12-15% Nal S (NaPO ₃)n S NaNO ₃ S NaNO ₂ S NaNO ₂ S Na ₂ C ₂ O ₄ S NaSO ₃ S NaOH 50% NaOCl 12-15% Nal S (NaPO ₃)n S NaNO ₃ S NaNO ₄ S Na ₂ S ₂ O ₅ S Na ₂ S ₂ O ₆ S Na ₂ S ₂ O ₇ S Na ₂ S ₂ O ₈ S Na ₂ S ₃ O ₈ S Na ₂ S ₄ O ₇ S Na ₂ S ₄ O ₇ S Na ₂ S ₅ S C ₆ H ₄ (OH)COONa S Na ₂ S ₅ S Na ₂ S ₆ S Na ₂ S ₇ S Na ₂ S ₈ S Na ₂ S ₉ S Na	NaBrO ₃ S + NaBr S + Na2CO ₃ S + NaClO ₃ S + NaClO ₃ S + NaCl S + NaClO ₂ 24% + Na ₂ CrO ₄ S + Na ₂ CrO ₇ S + NaCN S + NaCr ₂ O ₇ S + NaF S + NaHSO ₃ S + NaOH 50% + NaOCl 12-15% + Nal S + NaNO 12-15% + Nal S + NaNO 13 S + NaNO 150% S + Nal S S + NaOCl 12-15% S + Nal S S + NaSO 15 S S + NaSO 15 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	NaBrós S + + + Nagros S + + + Nagros S + + + Nagros S + + + Naclos S + + + Nallos S + + Nallos S + + + Nallo	NaBrO NaBr NaClO NaHSO NAHSO NAHSO NACLO NA	NaBros S + + + + + + + NaBr S + + + + + + + NaBr S + + + + + + + + NaCO_3 S + + + + + + + + + + NaCO_3 S + + + + + + + + + + NaCO S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaCO S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaCO S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaCO_3 S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaCO_3 S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaCO_3 S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaCO_3 S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaCO_3 S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaCO_3 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	NaBró, SS + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO₃ S + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO₃ S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	NaBró, NaBr S + + + + + + + + + + + NaBr S + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaClO_S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	NaBro S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NaBr S + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	NaBrO ₃ SS + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + NBr NaBr SS + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +

Chemical Resistance List

Resistance of liquid end materials against common chemicals at standard temperature 68°F (20°C). (May differ at other temperatures)

= saturated aqueous solution n = unknown resistance -

-/o = conditional resistance => = refer to . . . - = good resistance A.C. = any concentration

= good resistance

= limited resistance

= no resistance

S = saturated solution

Conc. = concentrated

resp. to aqueous solutions

+(x%) = good resistance to x% concentration D = weak solution

= With glued fittings, please check the resistance of the glue.

N.B. PTFE is resistant against most chemicals and solvents (excluding fluorine, metallic sodium and other alkali metals). PVDF is resistant against most chemicals (excluding ketones, esters).

Chemical	Formula	CONC.	Acrylic	PVC	316 SS	PE	PP	Viton®	EPDM	PVDF	Teflon
Titanium Tetrachloride	TiCl	100%	n	n	n	n	n	0	-	+	+
Toluene	C _E H ₂ CH ₃	100%	-	-	+	0	0	0	-	+	+
Toluene Diisocyanate	C ₇ H ₆ (NCO) ₂	100%	n	n	+	+	+	-	+/0	n	+
Tributyl Phosphate	(C ₄ H ₉) ₃ PO ₄	100%	n	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Trichloroacetaldehyde Hydr.	CCI ₃ CH(OH) ₂	S	-	-	+	+	0	0	0	-	+
Trichloroethane	CCI ₃ CH ₃	100%	-	-	+	0	0	+	-	+	+
Trichloroethene	C ₂ HCl ₃	100%	-	-	+/0	0	0	0	-	+	+
Trichloroethylene	C ₂ HCl ₃	100%	-	-	+	0	0	0	-	+	+
Trichloroacetic Acid	CCI ₃ COOH	50%	-	+	-	+	+	-	0	+	+
Tricresyl Phosphate	(C ₇ H ₇ O) ₃ PO	90%	n	-	+	+	+	0	+	n	+
Triethanolamine	$N(C_2H_4OH)_3$	100%	-	0	+	+	+	-	+/0	+	+
Trioctyl Phosphate	(C ₈ H ₁₇) ₃ PO ₄	100%	n	-	+	+	+	0	+	+	+
Trisodium Phosphate	Na ₃ PO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
U rea	CO(NH ₂) ₂	S	+	+/0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
V inyl Acetate	CH ₂ CHOOCCH ₃	100%	-	-	+	0	-	0	-	+	+
X ylene	C ₆ H ₄ (CH ₃) ₂	100%	-	-	+	0	-	0	-	0	+
Zinc Acetate	(CH ₃ COO) ₂ Zn	S	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+
Zinc Chloride	ZnCl ₂	S	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+
Zinc Sulfate	ZnSO ₄	S	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+

ProMinent® Warranty

- 1) WARRANTY, REMEDY, DISCLAIMER: The warranties set out in this clause shall be conditional upon fulfillment of the Purchaser's contractual obligations, including all terms of payment. For sales of completed pumps and controllers, the warranty shall be conditional upon the Purchaser completing and returning the attached Warranty Validation Card. Seller warrants that the Drive Units and DULCOMETER Controllers will be of good workmanship and material for two (2) years from the date of purchase by owner of new equipment from an authorized distributor of manufacturer, but no longer than two and one-half (2-1/2) years from the date of shipment by manufacturer. All Dulcotest sensors are warranted for (6) months from the date of shipment by manufacturer. For sales of liquid ends, Bello Zon, Bono Zon, ProMix™ and PolyRex polymer systems, pump accessories, standard engineered products, custom designed items and items not manufactured by ProMinent, Seller warrants that the products will be of good workmanship and material for one (1) year from the date the goods are shipped by Seller. If purchaser claims that the goods are defective, he must permit Seller's personnel at Seller's option to inspect the goods on Purchaser's property. Purchaser shall not return the goods to Seller unless Purchaser obtains prior written approval of such from Seller. If, after inspection, Seller determines that the goods are defective, Seller will repair or replace goods at Seller's option and at Seller's cost. THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS, IM-PLIED AND STATUTORY INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR PURPOSE AND MERCHANT-ABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The warranty provided for herein shall not apply to any goods that become defective for the following reason:
- (a) unsuitable or unreasonable use
- (b) faulty assembly, installation or servicing by the Purchaser or any third party
- (c) faulty or careless handling
- 2) DISCLAIMER OF TORT LIABILITY: purchaser specifically understands and agrees that seller shall not be liable in tort, whether based on negligence, strict liability or any other theory of tort liability, for any action or failure to act in respect to the manufacture, preparation for sale, or delivery of the goods. It is the parties' intent and the intent of this paragraph to absolve and protect seller from any and all tort liability.
- 3) EXCLUSIVE REMEDY: Purchaser specifically understands and agrees that purchaser's sole and exclusive remedy for breach of warranty, tortious conduct or any other cause of action against seller shall be the remedy provided in paragraph two (2) above.
- 4) EXCLUSION OF CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES: purchaser specifically understands and agrees that under no circumstances will seller be liable to purchaser for economic, special incidental or consequential damages or losses of any kind whatsoever, including but not limited to, loss of anticipated profits and any other loss caused by reason of the non-operation of the goods. This exclusion is applicable to claims for breach of warranty, tortious conduct or any other cause of action against seller.
- 5) ALL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE CONTAINED IN SELLER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT/OFFER TO SELL APPLY AND ARE IN NO WAY ALTERED BY THIS WARRANTY VALIDATION CARD.

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10/14/2016 - product overview

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